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Miscellaneous Notes

on

New England Families

The following notes are the result of original research and, as far as known, have never been printed or, if so, have appeared in sources comparatively unfamiliar or hard to obtain).

By

Joseph M. Kellogg

(Lawrence, Kans.)

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MISCELLANEOUS NOTES ON NEW ENGLAND FAMILIES:

PHOTOGRAPHS OF CEMETERIES AND HISTORIC PLACES

IN NEW ENGLAND, PENNSYLVANIA, AND WEST VIRGINIA

BY

JOSEPH M. KELLOGG

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JOSEPH M. KELLOGG
LAWRENCE
KANSAS

April 23 - 1944.

Mrs. Eugene L. Culver
701 No. Wayne St.
Arlington, Va.

Dear Mrs. Culver:

Some time ago I promised you some photographs of grave-stones for our Nat. Gen. Society manuscript collections. - I have finally got around to mounting them and am sending you what prints I have, from pre-war time when we could still get good prints made. - I hope you will enjoy having them.

I have not bound them or put them in any

might like to see for the magazine, and he shot it right in without letting me have opportunity of typing it or at least of proofreading it. As a result there are lots of errors in the names, etc. - which annoyed me very much, as it looked as though I was careless in copying the records! But I never said anything to him. - He is such a fine old man, has done so much good.

Mrs. Brumbaugh died did she not. I used to know and like her too - though both queer characters. - Hope the Society keeps up despite war activities etc. So sorry about Miss Curry's illness. - Best wishes

Joseph M. Kellogg

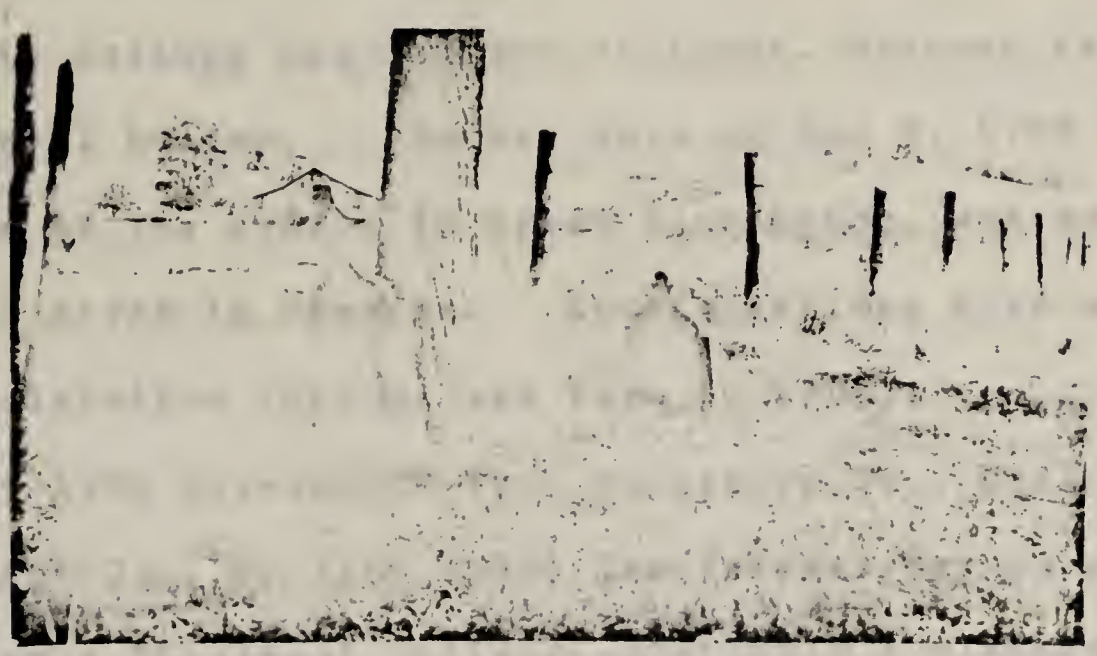
(The notebooks cover is just for mailing)
cover. as I do not know whether you will prefer
to keep them together or separate them - by places
& such. Do whatever you like. — They are
rather scraggy because usually I was only taking
pictures of my own family stones in various places.

Of course I have a lot more inscriptions, which
I may get into shape sometime, but these are about
all the photographs (of old ones anyway) that I have
at present. —

Yes I realize some of the troubles there may have
been with Dr. Brumbaugh & the magazine - I
sent him a long hand miss mee (some Sheffield

Harmony - Lewis Co., West Va.

The Mitchell Family Graveyard



The grave of the Rev. John Mitchell (in the private family graveyard on what was his home place - out from Jane Lew).

Loomis Kellogg

Loomis Kellogg was the son of Lieut. Stephen Kellogg and his wife, Mindwell Belden. He was born on May 9, 1758 (as given on the records of the church in Great Barrington, and not in 1759, as the date is given in Hopkins. Loomis Kellogg also states in his Pension declaration that he was born in 1758).

About 1789 he removed from Berkshire Co., Mass and went first to Washington Co., N. Y. (where the federal census of 1790 shows, in Cambridge, a "Levinus" Kellogg--obviously a mistake for Loomis). Then in 1791 he went farther west and settled permanently on a farm in what is now New Hartford township of Oneida Co. (southwest of Utica). There he died on Oct. 6, 1848 (as given in a sworn affidavit by his widow, among his pension papers. The date on his grave-stone is given as 1849, but this evidently a mistake). He is buried in the "Chuckery Corners" cemetery near his home. The inscription on the stone is as follows:

" In memory of

LOOMIS KELLOGG

Died

Oct. 6, 1849

aged 90 years, 1 mo.

& 27 days.

Soldier of the Revolution. "

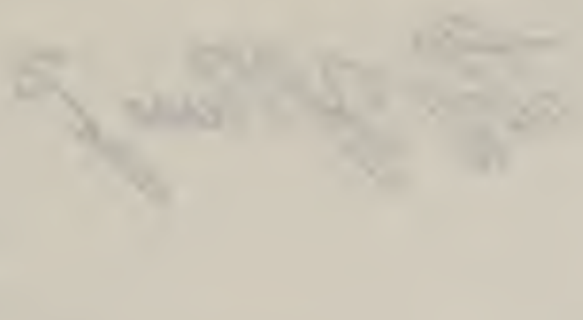
The grave is marked with a handsome D. A. R. bronze marker.

The inscriptions from this Chuckery Corners cemetery have been published in the Quarterly of the Nat. Gen. Society. There are a number of other Kelloggs buried there.

The will of Loomis Kellogg, dated June 16, 1847, was proved on Dec. 4, 1848 (another proof of year date for death). Oneida Co. Will book 9, p. 26. He was for many years a Pensioner for his Revolutionary War service. (Papers on file in Washington of course)

Evidently he attended church at Paris, N. Y. (a few miles from his home), for on the Paris Congegational church records is the death of his (first) wife Anna (Tremain), on May 28, 1804. Also on these Paris records is the death of his second wife Barbara (Jerome) on Nov. 29, 1812. He later married a third time, to Persis Bingham, in Marshall, N. Y. Nov. 22, 1813 (as given in the pension papers). She died April 22, 1858 (as given on stone at Chuckery Corners, where she is buried beside her husband).

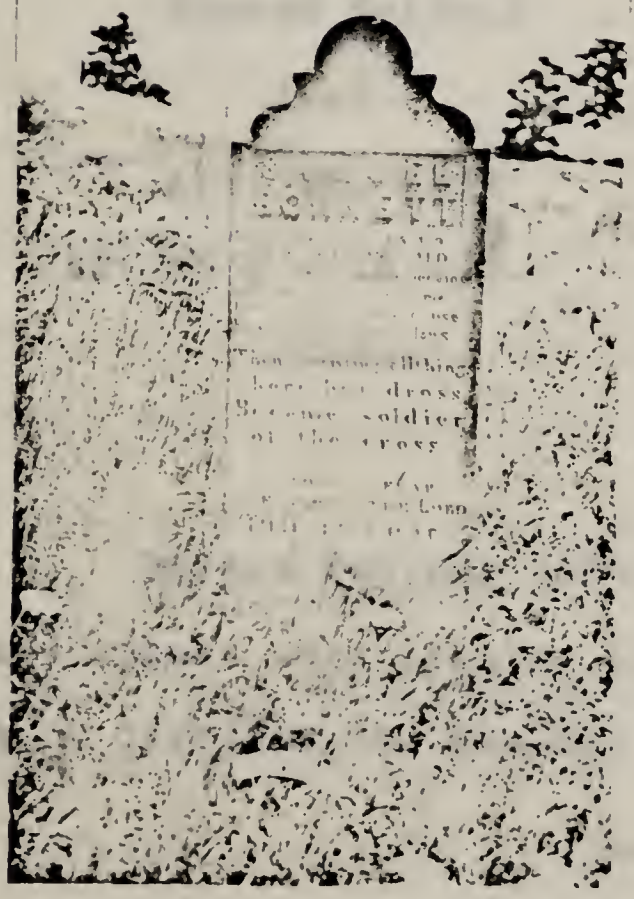
Signature of Loomis Kellogg to the land distribution paper of his father's estate, signed at Egremont, May 7, 1781:



Harmony Cemetery

(near old Harmony M. P. church)

near Jane Lew. Lewis Co. W. Va.



Horace Kellogg

Horace Kellogg was the eldest son of Loomis Kellogg, and was born on April 4, 1781 (from his family bible). Hopkins gives the place as Cambridge, N. Y. but this seems improbable. His father did not move to Cambridge until 1788-89, so that it is most likely that Horace Kellogg was born in Egremont, Mass.

He lived in various places in central New York, but before 1810 he was settled permanently on a farm in Cortland County, in the town of Solon, near the present villages of Taylor and Cincinnatus. There he died on April 22, 1854, and is buried in the Taylor cemetery. The inscription on his grave is as follows: (also that of his wife, Prudence (Tuttle) Kellogg):

" (Verse)

Horace Kellogg

died

Apr. 22, 1854

AE. 73 y - 18 dys.

(Verse)

" Prudence Tuttle

wife of

Horace Kellogg

Died

May 7, 1871

AE. 85 y & 5 m. "

Horace Kellogg left no will. Letters of Administration on his estate were granted to his son Stephen Kellogg on May 8, 1854. (Cortland Co. Estates book B, p. 224).

The Terry Family

The second wife of Lieut. Joseph Kellogg of Hadley (and the mother of his son Ensign Stephen Kellogg) was Abigail Terry, the daughter of Stephen Terry.

Stephen Terry

Stephen Terry was the son of the Rev. John Terry, a distinguished clergyman and writer, Rector of the parish of Stockton, in Wiltshire, England. The wife of John Terry and mother of Stephen was Mary White, a sister of the famous Rev. John White, the "Patriarch of Dorchester", who is often called the real Founder of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. There is an interesting article on the Rev. John Terry in the Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine, vol. 12, p. 208-209. The White family is, of course, well known.

Stephen Terry was born at Stockton on Aug. 25, 1608 and baptized on Aug. 31, 1608. (The baptismal record, in Latin, is published in N. E. Hist. & Gen. Register, vol. 54, p. 103). He came to this country in the "Mary & John" in 1630 and first settled at Dorchester, later removing to Windsor, and finally to Hadley.

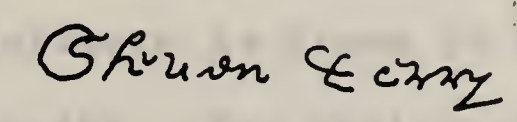
In Hadley his wife was Elizabeth, who died Aug. 11, 1683, aged 90 years (From the Hatfield Record book, p. 80, back). But she was his second wife, and his first wife (and the mother of his children) had died in Windsor and was buried there June 5, 1647. (From Grant's Old Church Record of Windsor). Her name was not known for long, but now it can be stated definitely that her name was Joan Hardy. Stephen Terry married, in Dorchester, on

March 19, 1633, Joan Hardy, a sister of John Hardy. The authority for this is the manuscript diary of William Whiteway, in the British Museum, Egerton Mss. 784, f. 199. This marriage is given in the appendix to the book:"John White, the Founder of Massachusetts" by Francis Rose Troup (1930), but there the date is given incorrectly. The corrected date and the authority were given to the compiler of these notes in a personal letter from Mrs. Rose-Troup, together with her manuscript notes on the White genealogy.

Tracings of Signatures of Stephen Terry

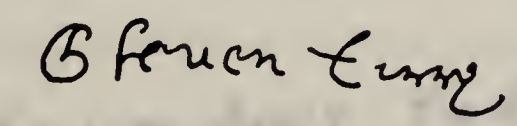
From the answer of Hadley to Hatfield, May 7, 1667

(Mass. Archives, vol. 10, f. 170)



From a petition dated April 25, 1665

(Mass. Archives, vol. 106, p. 107)



The Belden Family

The wife of Ensign Stephen Kellogg of Westfield was Lydia Belden, a daughter of John Belden of Wethersfield. The origin of the Belden family has never satisfactorily been established. There is no prooof that Richard Belden or Belding of Wethersfield was a son of Sir Francis Bayldon (as is so often stated). Nor is it certain that John Belden and William Belden were sons of Richard. The name of the wife of John Belden has long been in dispute, also. Possibly it was Riley, or she was the sister of the wife of John Riley (or the wife of Riley was a sister of Belden!).

The marriage of John Belden is given in the <u>original</u> Land Records of Wethersfield as follows:

" John Belding & Lidiah his wife was maried the 24th of April, in the year 165(7)". Vol. 1, p. 36.

The list of his children is given in these same Land Records, vol. 2, page 3 (in the back). The settlement of his estate shows that his daughter Lydia was Lydia Kellogg, etc.

Signature of John Belden, from the inventory of the estate of John Waddams, dated Feb. 20, 1676 (Estate Paper No. 5569 in Probate files of Hartford):

This Inventory taken By the
Selectmen of the Town
John Belding
Samuel Wright

Samuel Belden

There is no doubt that Samuel Belden of Wethersfield and later of Hatfield was a son of Richard Belden. This is proven by the following notation from the original Land Records of Wethersfield, Vol. 1, p. 25 (upside down):

" The Lands of Sam: Belden wh was given him by his father Rich: Belden: wch bought of Samuel Smith Junor Oct. 24, 1654 " (follows a description).

Samuel Belden was born in 1632, as is shown by the following, from the Medical Journal of John Winthrop Jr. (in rare book room of the Library of Congress):

"Wethersfield 1658 - Samuel Belden ae 26 yrs. - married".

He later removed from Wethersfield and went to Hatfield as one of the first settlers. There he was one of the leading and influential men of the town. His wife Mary was killed by the Indians in the attack on Hatfield in 1677. Belden's house was outside the stockade. The original Hatfield record book gives it:

(Page 110). "Mary, wife of Samll Belding was slain by ye Indians Sept. 19, 1677". Later he married the widow Mary (Beardsley) Wells. The Hatfield record book gives her death:

"Mary Belding ye wife of Samll Belding Senr. dyed the 20th September, 1691". In connection with this marriage there was a lengthy and elaborate marriage agreement, involving the matter of her property, etc. This document is preserved in the Probate Records of Hampshire Co, Box. 13, No. 17. He and she both signed by making their marks. After her death Stephen Belden was married

twice again. He died Jan. 3, 1713. The Hatfield record book gives it:

"Samll Belding senr Dyed Jany 3, 1712/13".

Stephen Belden

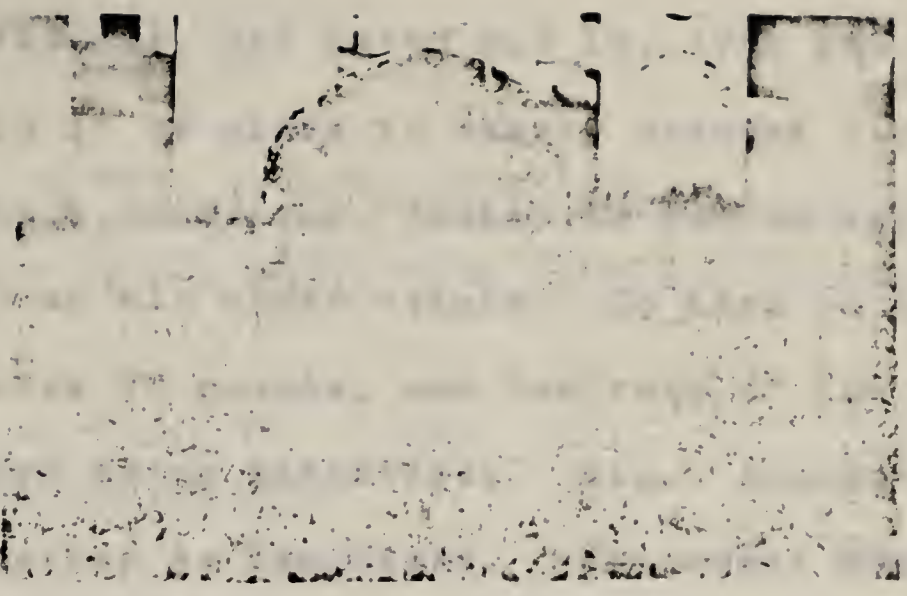
Stephen Belden was the son of Samuel Belden and was born in Wethersfield, Dec. 28, 1658. (Wethersfield Land Records, vol. 1, p. 38). He lived in Hatfield, where he was a Sergeant of troops, etc. His death is given in the Hatfield Record book, p. 112, as "Serjt. Stephen Belden dyed on the Sixth day of October, 1720." His marriage is also given there, p. 105: "Stephen Belding & Mary Wells Married August 16: 1682."

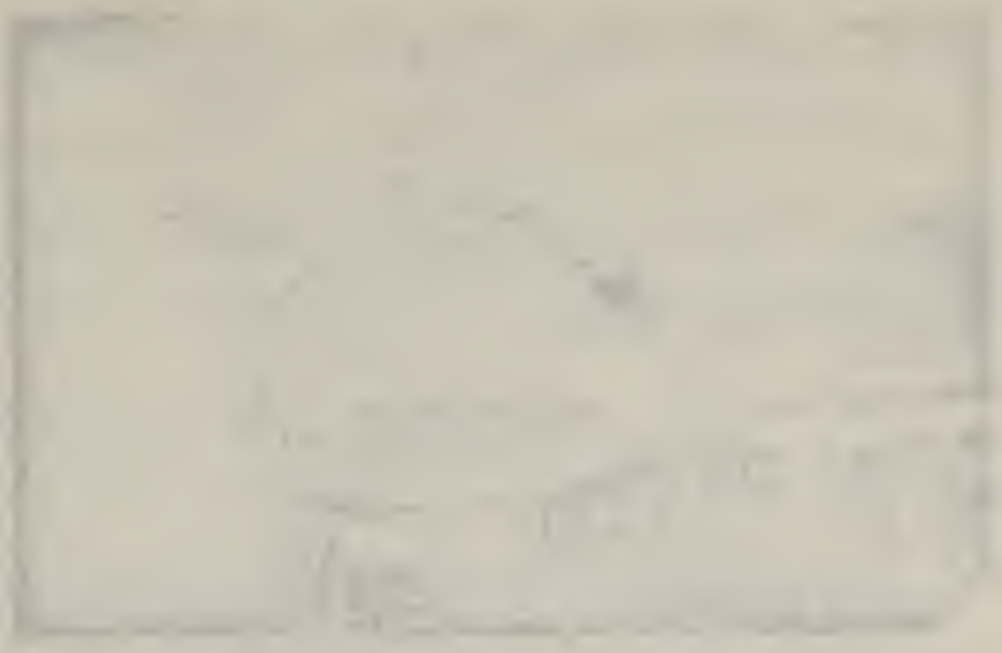
Stephen Belden Jr.

Stephen Belden Jr. was the son of Stephen Belden and was born in Hatfield, Feb. 22, 1689/90. (Hatfield Record book, p. 98 back). As a young man he removed to Northfield where he became the town miller. An historical marker is on the site of his mill. His house, however, was at the top of the hill above the mill, and was fortified. A marker has also been placed there. (See photographs).

He died in Northfield, Feb. 19, 1736. (The Northfield Town Record book has it: "Stephen Belding Deceased Feb'ry 19th, 1735/6." (Page 5). He is buried in the town cemetery at Northfield. The inscription on his grave-stone is as given below.

" Here Lies
The Body of Mr
Stephen Belding
Who Died Feberuary
The 19 1736 Being
In the 47 Year of
His Age "





The will of Stephen Belden Jr. was dated May 10, 1731 and proved on March 9, 1735/6. In it he gives to dearly beloved wife Mindwell 1/8 part of his fathers homestead, "which is now in the hands of my mother", also 1/3 of his clear estate. To each of his daughters (not named) he leaves 70 pounds; and the rest of the estate to his three sons, Stephen being the beldest. Etc. Appoints wife Mindwell and brother Jonathan as Executors. Witnesses were Daniel Shattuck, William Wright and Mary Seymour. There was a codicil, dated Feb. 13, 1735/6, giving to a son Titus, born since the will was made, an equal share with the rest. The Rev. Doolittle, (the pastor of the church at Northfield) swears that he wrote both the will and the codicil, etc.

Signature of Stephen Belden to the will :

Stephen Belding (seal.)

The inventory of the estate was dated June 4, 1736. It is quite long, including many items. The total of the land alone was 1643 pounds. He had silver shoe and shirt buckles, silver rings, "a great Bible", a number of other books, etc. It is evident that he was a wealthy man for the period, with a large and well-furnished house.

The will and other papers in the estate are in Box. 13, No. 19 in the Probate Files at Northampton.

The Loomis Family

A lengthy genealogy of this family, descended from Joseph Loomis of Windsor, has been published. A few notes from original sources in addition are as follows:

Samuel Loomis

Samuel Loomis, son of Joseph Loomis of Windsor, removed from there to Westfield, Mass about 1673. He took the Freeman's Oath in Massachusetts on March 31, 1674 (Hampshire Co. Records, vol. 1, p. 152). He was an Ensign and later Lieutenant in the troops there and was Selectman in Westfield. He died there Oct. 1, 1689. (Pynchon's Manuscript record, under Westfield deaths, page 35, gives it: "Lieut. Samuel Loomis died October 1st, 1689"). At a Court on "ye last Tuesday in March, 1690, the widow or relict of Lt. Samuel Loomis of Westfield deceased presented to the Court an Inventory of his estate who died intestate". (Hampshire Co. Record book, vol. 1, p. 267-68). The inventory had been taken on Jan. 17, 1689/90 by Josiah Dewey and Isaac Phelps. It amounted to 224 pounds, 10 sh., plus 30 pounds: "more in the childrens hands in a paper".

Samuel Loomis married, Dec. 27, 1653, Elizabeth Judd. (From Farmington Land Records, vol. 2, p. 331). The Westfield Church records show that she was admitted to the church there Jan. 1, 1679/80. (Samuel Loomis himself had been one of the seven original "Pillars" of the church there in Westfield). These church records also show that on 10month, 5 day, 1680, the children of Ensign Samuel Loomis were baptized: Ruth, Sarah, Johannah, Benjamin, Nehemiah, William and Philip.

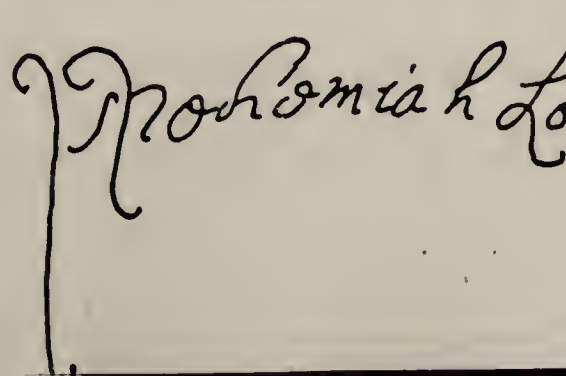
Nehemiah Loomis

Nehemiah Loomis was the son of Samuel Loomis. His birth is on Grant's Old Church record of Windsor as: "his sonn Nehemia loomys was Borne July 15, 1670". He also lived in Westfield. He served in the colonial wars. His name appears on a muster roll, endorsed Jan. 20, 1723/4, of Capt. Adijah Dewey's troop of horse. He served from Sept. 3 to Oct 25, 1723. (Mass Archives, Muster Rolls, vol. 91, p. 94). He was a "Centinel".

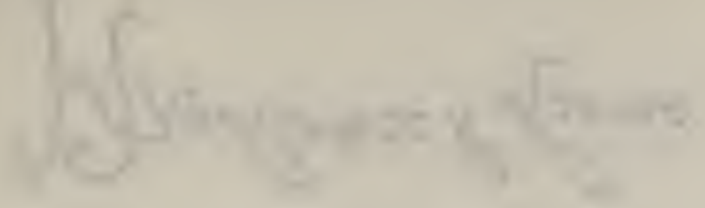
In Westfield, on the 13th of 4th month, 1697, Nehemiah Loomis "put himself under ye watch of ye church" (original Church records of Westfield). Much later, July 7, 1728, Nehemiah Loomis and his wife Thankful were admitted into full communion (same).

Nehemiah Loomis married, in Westfield, Jan. 3, 1694/5, Thankful Weller (Westfield Town records, page 54). She was the daughter of Nathaniel Weller and his wife Deliverance Hanchett.

Nehemiah Loomis died Feb. 4, 1739/40, and his wife Thankful died Feb. 23, 1747/8 (Westfield Town records, page 54). His will, dated Jan. 21, 1739/40 was proved April 8, 1740. (Box 90, f. 2. in Hampshire Probate files). He left everything to his grandchildren Kellogg. All his children had died young except daughter Abigail Loomis, who married Stephen Kellogg Jr. Her birth is on the Westfield Town records, page 54, as "Abigeirl Lumis the daughter of Nehemiah Lomis & Thankful his wife was born May 4, 1701")



Signature of Nehemiah Loomis to agreement as to estate of Nathaniel Weller, Sept. 6, 1716.



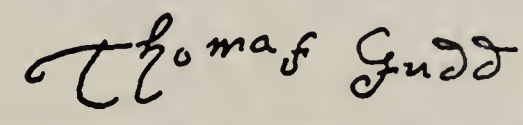
The Judd Family

This family of course is well known, and its genealogy has long been in print. The name of the <u>first</u> wife of Thomas Judd Sr. has not been known. Now, however, it is seen that her name was Elizabeth, (as was that of the daughter who married Samuel Loomis).

Winthrop's Medical Journal, as shown in Col. C. E. Banks' copy (in the Rare book room of the Library of Congress), has the following:

"Eliz: Judd, above 60 years, wf. of Judd Senr. of Farmington. 1669. "

Tracing of original signature of Thomas Judd Sr. from the Inventory of Nathaniel Kellogg of Farmington, dated Dec. 21, 1657:



The Weller Family

This family founded by Richard Weller of Deerfield, (also of Windsor, Northampton, Westfield, etc) is also well known.

Nathaniel Weller.

Nathaniel Weller was a son of Richard Weller and was baptized in Windsor, July 15, 1648. He lived later in Westfield, where he was Selectman, Deacon of the Church, and prominent in all town affairs. He was admitted to the Westfield church on March 24, 1679/80, and his wife Deliverance similarly on Nov. 11, 1680. (From original Westfield church records). The wife was Deliverance Hanchet, the daughter of Thomas Hanchet and his wife Deliverance Langton. Both Nathaniel Weller and his wife died in November, 1711. The Westfield Town records, page 86, have it:

"Deken Nathaniell Welor died Nov. 13, 1711

Deliverance the wife of Deken Welor died November 22, 1711".

The papers in his estate are in Box. 156, f. 50 in the Hampshire Probate files at Northampton.

His daughter Thankful Weller (born in Westfield, Oct. 15, 1674, as given on page 86 of Westfield records) married Jan. 3, 1695, Nehemiah Loomis.

Tracing of Signatures to the Inventory of Samuel Sackett of Westfield, taken Dec. 2, 1709.

David Dewey
Stephen Kellogg
Nathanael Weller

The Tremain Family

Philip Tremain, the founder of this family in western Massachusetts, is first discovered in Westfield, where he was living as early as 1716 and continued there until his death in 1743. His parentage, and the place and date of his birth, are not known at present. (Most certainly he was not the son of Thomas Truman of New London, as given in the large published Truman, Treman genealogy, and probably had no connection with this New London family).

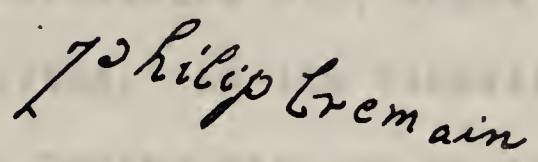
The first public record of Philip Tremain is that of his marriage, which appears upon both the Springfield and Westfield record books. The original record at Westfield, page 139 gives it:

"Philip Tremon and Rebeckah Grainger of Westfield were Joyned together in marriage on June 13th, 1716, by John Pynchon Junr. Justice of peace". This is then followed on the record by a list of their children.

The Westfield town records show that, in March 1719, it was voted "that Phillip Tremain may set up a little house in ye highway, near the sider press, and near to John Gunn's orchard, and one-quarter acre of land where it can best be spared and to improve it during ye Towne's pleasure". Later he obtained other grants of land from the town.

Although his land holdings were not large, Philip Tremain seems to have been respected and reliable, as he was a member of the church, and served as appraiser on the estates of important Westfield men.

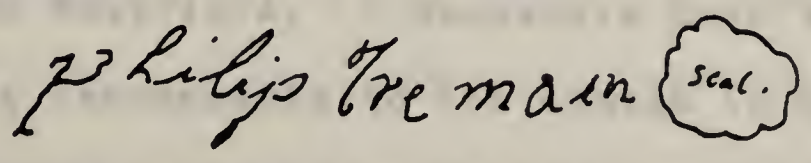
Tracing of signature of Philip Tremain to the inventory of Lieut. John Phelps of Westfield, dated March 30, 1742. (This was a very large estate amounting to over two thousand, seven hundred pounds).



From the original Westfield church records it is seen that on January 7, 1728, "about this time Philip Tremain was admitted into full communion. (His wife Rebecca was not a church member until after his death, when on March 4, 1743/4, "widow Rebecca Trimain", with others, was "admitted on ye recommendation of Revd. Mr. Edwards of Northampton". On July 13, 1746, "Rebecca, wife of Dan'l Cooley late Trimain was dismissed and recommended to the 2nd church in Springfield").

The death of Philip Tremain is given on the Westfield record, p. 139, as "Phillip Treeman died May 22 day 1743". His will, dated May 19th, 1743, is very short. Heleft everything to his wife. It was proved Oct. 11, 1743 (Box 150, f. 11 in Hampshire Probate Files

Tracing of signature to the will:



After Philip Tremain's death, his widow Rebecca married Daniel Cooley of Springfield and Granville, as his second wife. This was on August 8, 1745 (Westfield records). After this marriage they lived in West Springfield (Agawam), but much later they removed to Egremont, in Berkshire Co., where several of Rebecca's Tremain children were living. At the formation of the church in Egremont in 1771, Daniel Cooley was one of the six founders, and in a list of members is, No. 32, "Rebecca, wife of Dan'l Cooley from 4th church in Springfield, May 3, 1772" (Egremont church records). Probably both Daniel and Rebecca Cooley died there in Egremont (no Egremont town records of that time are left).

John Tremain

John Tremain was the eldest surviving son of Philip Tremain and his wife Rebecca Granger. He was born in Westfield, Oct. 19, 1718 and baptized the same day (Westfield church records). He married in Westfield, Aug. 3, 1743, Elizabeth Sitton (Westfield Town records). She was the daughter of Benjamin Sitton Jr. of Enfield and his wife Sarah Bush.

John Tremain bought the Cooley place in West Springfield and lived there for a while, but returned to Westfield. Later, however, he removed to Egremont . On Aug. 26, 1765, John Tremain "of Egremont" sold 20 acres in Westfield. (Hampshire Deed book 6, p. 484). His wife Elizabeth was recommended to the church in Egremont in 1771. The Egremont church records show that on July 30, 1770, Mr. Moses Corbon and Mr. John Treeman were "Quiristers to tune the Psalms on the Sabbath".

Later still, John Tremain lived in Hillsdale, Columbia Co. N.Y. where he is said to have died in 1790. His children are given in the Truman-Treman genealogy. Among his sons were several Revolutionary soldiers. One son, John Tremain Jr., married Patience Kellogg, daughter of Lieut. Stephen Kellogg of Egremont. (The Truman genealogy says that he married Patience Whiting.)

Benjamin Tremain

Benjamin Tremain was another son of Philip Tremain and wife Rebecca Granger. He was born in Westfield, Feb. 2, 1724 (From Westfield Town records, vol. 1, p. 139). He lived first in Westfield and then removed to that part of the town of Sheffield which later became Egremont.

His marriage is given on the Sheffield Town records, vol. 1, p. 80. He married, May 15, 1749, Rhoda Pier. (She was born Aug. 1, 1732, the daughter of Thomas Pier and his wife Margaret North).

The district where Benjamin Tremain lived in Berkshire was on the boundary, and titles to the land here were in dispute with the province of New York. There were serious troubles between the Dutch people from New York and the Massachusetts settlers (see any history of the time). Benjamin Tremain's name appears among the signers of various petitions to the Massachusetts legislature or "General Court" in the 1750's. (See original Mass. Archives, vol. 116, pages 31, 223, etc. Then there is a personal petition from Benjamin Tremain, together with William Joyner and Philip Case, re-

The Kellogg Family

The main genealogical facts about this old New England family are well known, as given in the three volume publication: "The Kelloggs in the Old World and the New", by Timothy Hopkins. Certain supplemental data not given in that book, consisting of wills and administrative records, etc have been sent to the Quarterly magazine of the National Genealogical Society for publication. Following are a few more personal records from one line of descent in this family.

Stephen Kellogg

Ensign Stephen Kellogg was the eldest son of Lieut. Joseph Kellogg (the founder of the family) of old Hadley, Mass. by his second wife Abigail Terry. His birth record is given in the original book of town records for the Hampshire Co. towns (now in the Town Hall at Hatfield) as follows: Page 64. "Stephen, son of Leiuft. Jos: Kellogg & Abigaile Kellogg was Borne Aprill 9: 1668". His marriage is given in the book of Hadley Proprietors Records, page 62, as: "Steven Kellogg and Liddia Belding were married ye 8th of May, 1694".

Stephen Kellogg was a weaver by trade and removed from Hadley to Westfield, Mass., where he was a prominent citizen, Selectman, etc. His death is given on the original Town records of Westfield, page 111, as: "Stephen Kelogg sen. Died June: 5: 1722". He was buried in the old Mechanic Street cemetery at Westfield. The gravestone was still in existence as recently anyway as 1927. The

inscription on the stone was as follows:

"ENSIGNE

STEVEN : KELLO

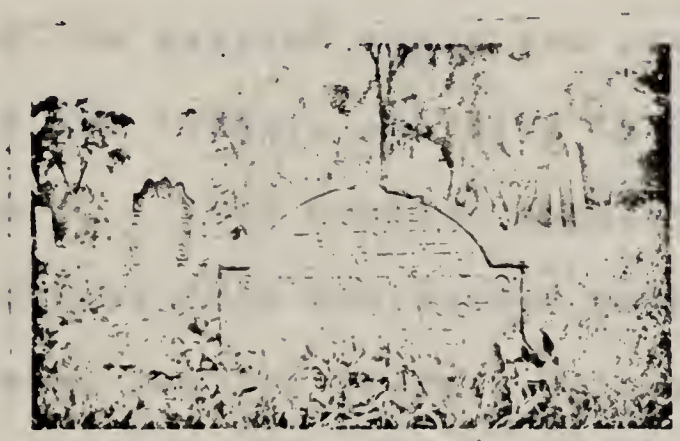
GG : DEPARTED : TH

IS : LIFE : JUNE : YE Vth : 1722

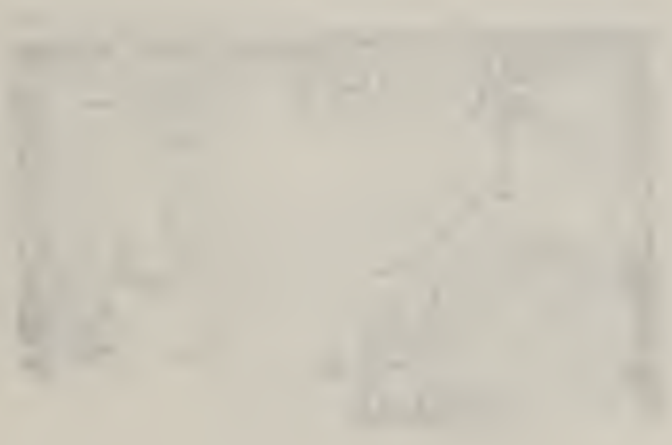
IN YE : 55 YEAR : OF

HIS : AGE "

A photograph of the stone, taken in August 1927, is as below:



The fact that Stephen Kellogg was called "Ensign" on his grave-stone would seem to be contemporary evidence that he held that military rank, probably in the Hampshire County militia. A particular service for him, as a young man, as taken from "the ancient papers of Hadley, Mass." is given in N. E. Hist. &Gen. Register, vol. 55, p. 343.



Stephen Kellogg Jr.

Stephen Kellogg Jr. was the eldest child of Stephen Kellogg of Westfield and his wife Lydia Belding. His birth is given on the Hadley Town Records, page 63, as: "Steven, son to Steven and Liddia Kellogg, Born Feb. 3rd, 1695" (1694/5). The Westfield Church records give his baptism on Dec. 5, 1697. The Westfield Town records, page 152 gives his marriage: "May 25, 1719. Stephen Kelogg and Abigail Lumis above named were joyned in mareyage by Capt. John Ashley of Westfield, Justice of ye peace". Later, after wife Abigail died, he married again and removed to Hadley, where he was an inn-keeper and trader. He died in Hadley and was buried in the Hadley cemetery. The Grafton magazine, vol. II, No. 2 (1909) gives the inscriptions from the center cemetery at Hadley, and in the section "between the Two Western Driveways" is:

"Mr. Stephen Kellogg Dyed on
Feb. y2 11th, 1738, aged 42 yrs."

(In July, 1937, an exhaustive search of this part of the cemetery was made, but this stone could not be found, as well as others also given in this Grafton list. Probably the river, in the great flood, a few years ago, washed them out).

Deacon Silas Kellogg

Silas Kellogg was another son of Ensign Stephen Kellogg of Westfield and his wife Lydia Belden. Born in Westfield on April 7, 1714, he married there, May 10, 1739, Ruth Root. He later removed to Sheffield, Mass. where he was one of the leading men of the town, of high social and religious character. He died Jan. 24, 1792. Both he and his wife are buried in the Sheffield "Plains" cemetery. The inscription on his grave-stone is as follows:

" In Memory of
Deacn. SILAS
KELLOGG
who died Jan. ye 24th, 1792
in the 78th Year of his Age

Nor sex nor age can death defy
Think mortal what it is to die."

(The stone is a large handsome upright, elaborately carved).

A tracing of the signature of Deacon Silas Kellogg, dated Jan. 5, 1762. (From a paper in connection with the estate of Capt. John Huggins):

Silas Kellogg

Amos Kellogg

Amos Kellogg was another son of Ensign Stephen Kellogg of Westfield. He was born at Westfield on Sept. 30, 1716. He later removed to Sheffield, where he lived at "Kelloggtown", near his brother ~~Silas~~ Silas Kellogg. He also was prominent in town affairs.

He died in Sheffield, Nov. 26, 1770 (Sheffield Town records, page 58), and is buried, with his (2nd) wife Prudence, in the Sheffield "Plains" cemetery. The inscriptions on their stones are as follows:

" Sacred
To the memory of
Mr. Amos Kellogg who
died Nov. 26th 1770
in the 55th year
of his Age
My ashes sleep beneath this stone
My soul has taken flight and gone
From all the sorrow toil and strife
Assigned to mortal man in life."

"This Monument
is erected to
perpetuate the memory of
Mrs. Prudence Dewey
who died Septr. 11th 1802
aged 77 years.
Her first husband was Mr.Am
Kellogg, her second husband
the late Capt. Stephen Dewe;
In her youth she made a pro-
fession of religion and ado:
ed it by a strict observance
of the institutions and pre-
cepts of her Saviour.
The memory of the Just is
Blessed. "

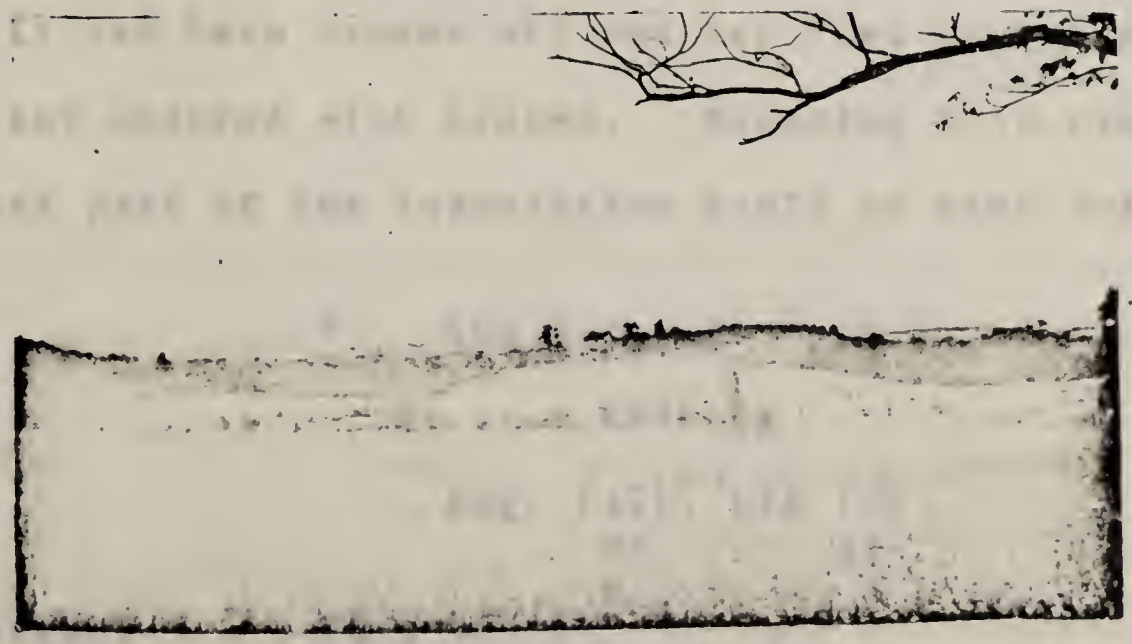
Lieut. Stephen Kellogg

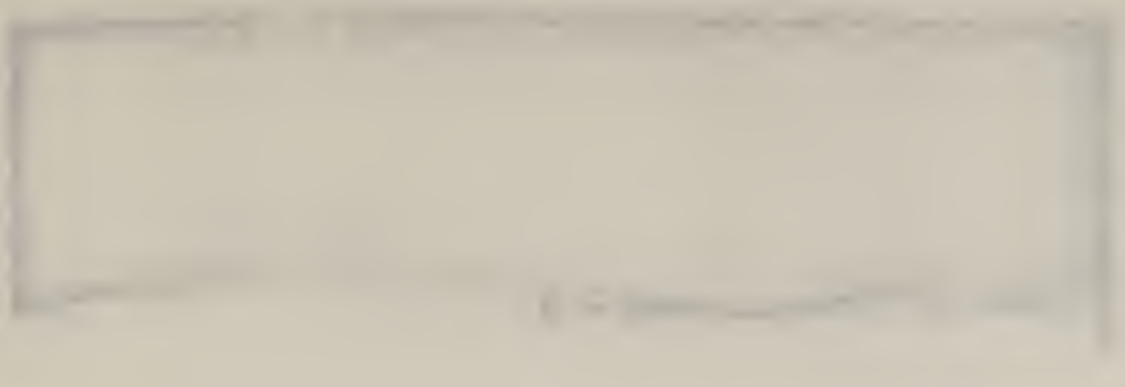
This Stephen Kellogg was the second son of Stephen Kellogg of Westfield and Hadley and his wife Abigail Loomis. (Hence he was a nephew of Deacon Silas and of Amos Kellogg of Sheffield). He was born Oct. 12, 1721 at Westfield (Westfield Town records, p. 152). The Westfield church records give his baptism on Oct. 28, 1721. His marriage is also given on the Westfield Town records, p. 147: "Stephen Kellogg and Mindwell Belden were joyned together in marriage August 17 day 1746 by Capt. John Ashley Justice of the peace."

About 1749, Stephen Kellogg removed from Westfield to Sheffield, where his uncles were living. There he also was prominent in town affairs, and became Lieutenant in the Berkshire County militia. He lived on a large farm near the boundary line between the towns of Sheffield and Egremont, in a beautiful setting.

View of the Site of Lieut. Stephen Kellogg's Farm

(From the northwest on the "Under-Mountain" road.)





Lieut. Stephen Kellogg died August 9, 1767 (as given in Hopkins. The record would probably have been on the Egremont Town book, which was destroyed long ago). He made no will and died in-estate. He was buried in old "Bow-Wow" cemetery in the north west part of the town of Sheffield. This is a beautiful place.

Bow-Wow cemetery

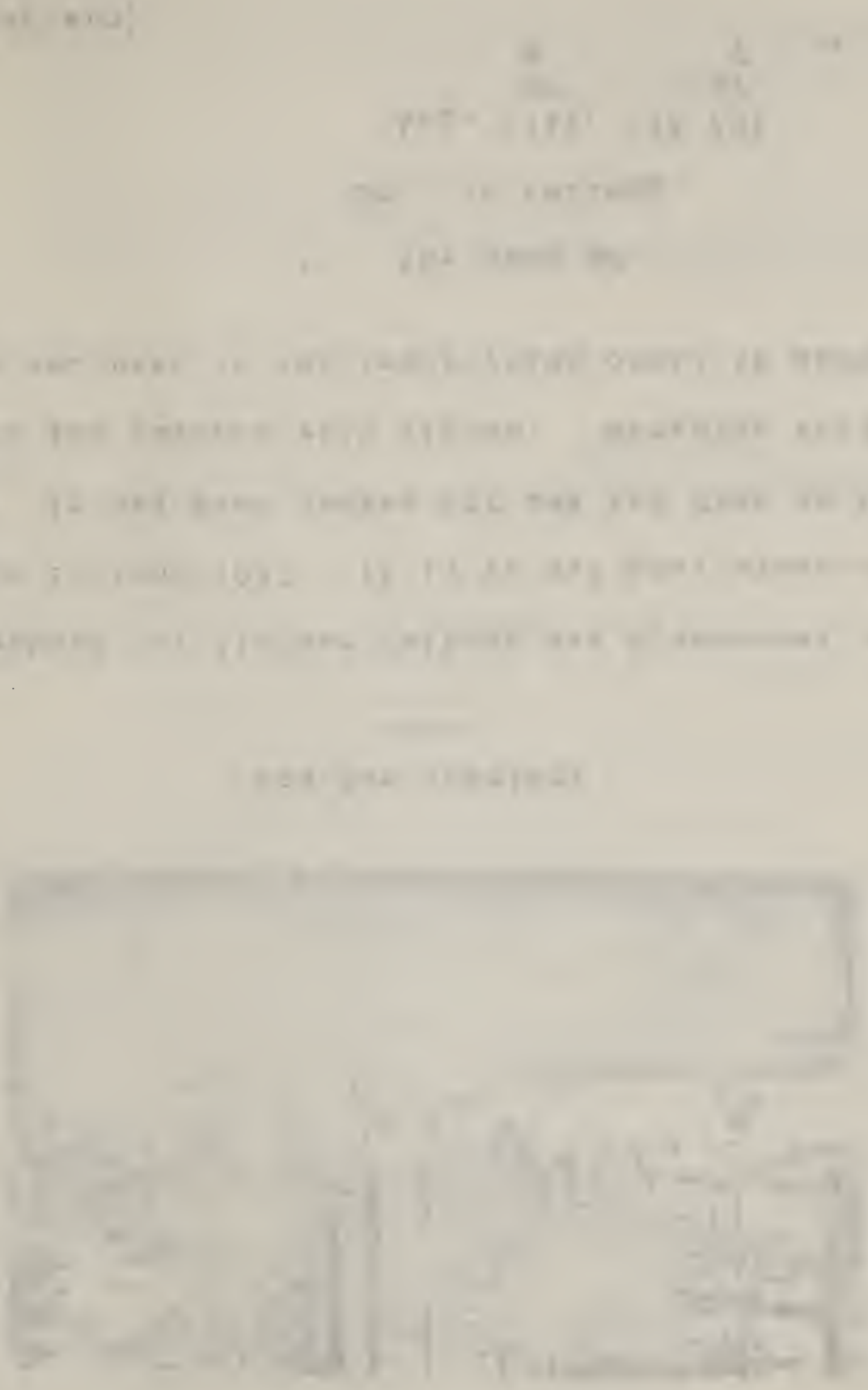
The grave-stone for Stephen Kellogg was discovered on a personal visit there in June 1937. It is an old gray stone of the period 1760-1770. It had been broken off and lay flat on the ground, partly imbedded and covered with lichen. Scraping this away, the carved decoration and part of the inscription could be made out :

" the body of

St....n Kellogg

Aug. (11), 176 (9)
or or
9 7 "

(see photograph)



Grave-stone of Stephen Kellogg

(There are many other interesting stones in this cemetery, of the Kellogg and related families).

Signature of Lieut. Stephen Kellogg (as a young man), as the Executor of the estate of his grandfather, Nehemiah Loomis, July 8, 1740:

Stephen Kellogg

Signature of his wife, Mindwell (Belden) Kellogg to the Administration bond on her husbands estate, Oct. 27, 1767. :

Mindwell Kellogg

lating how they had been carried off to the "Albany Gaol" and kept there for some time, etc. They asked to have a lawyer to help them in this trouble, etc. (Mass. Archives, vol. 6, p. 187).

Tracing of signture to this petition:

Benjamin Tremain

In the old Proprietors Records of Egremont (the Town record were destroyed long ago) Benjamin Tremain's name frequently appears His own homestead property seems to have been on what is now the present road from South Egremont to North Egremont, below and southeast of the old "Town Hill" cemetery, and on the east side of the road. He and his wife Rhoda were admitted to the church in Great Barrington, Aug. 21, 1757, and on Oct. 9, 1757, their older children were baptized there. (Later other children were baptized there also). The Great Barrington church records also show the death of Rhoda Tremain, wife of Benjamin Tremain, on Jan. 28, 1768. When Benjamin Tremain himself died is not known at present. It was after 1790 anyway (as shown in deed records, and also the federal census of that year shows him, as "Benj. Freeman" in Hillsdale town Columbia Co. N.Y.)

A daughter of Benjamin and Rhoda Tremain, named Anne, was baptized at Great Barrington, Oct. 23, 1763. She married Loomis Kellogg, son of Lieut. Stephen Kellogg.

The Tuttle Family

The printed geneology of this famous New Haven family has long been well known and authoritative. There are a number of omissions in this work (some of them intentional) and some errors which should be corrected. The following are a few notes in regard to one line of descent in this family, carried down to its connection with the Kelloggs.

1951975

William and Elizabeth Tuttle

The antecedents, parentage, birth and marriage of William Tuttle of New Haven were discovered in England by Col. C. E. Banks, working for a private client. This data, however, has never been made available to the public.

In Col. Banks' manuscript notes, (now in the Rare Book Room of the Library of Congress), he does give the baptism of William Tuttle as on Dec. 26, 1607, at Ringstead, North Hants, with the reference: "College of Arms". (Banks Mss. "Topographical Dictionary, p. 279). The same source gives Richard Tuttle, elder brother of William, as born in 1593.

The events of William Tuttle's life in New Haven have been given many times. The exact date of his death is not known. It was in the early days of June, 1673. The inventory of his estate follows directly after that of one Benjamin Ling which was taken June 6, 1673. The inventory showed approximately five hundred pounds, a large amount for the time. (New Haven Probate Records,

Vol. 1, part 1, pages 158-159). At a Court on June 19, 1673, a paper was shown--a deed from William Tuttle and others--and it is stated that "Wm. Tuttoll died before signing the deed". In June 1674 the widow Elizabeth Tuttle acknowledged this deed and asked that it be recorded.

Elizabeth Tuttle, the wife of William, herself died Dec. 30, 1684. (New Haven Vital records). The inventory of her estate was taken Feb. 23, 1684. Her grave-stone was removed in 1821 to the Grove Street cemetery in New Haven, where it stands in the row against the north wall. (Covered with ivy in the summer time).

The inscription is:

" Age 76: 31: 10: 1684

Elisabeth Tuttle

The: blest: live: of

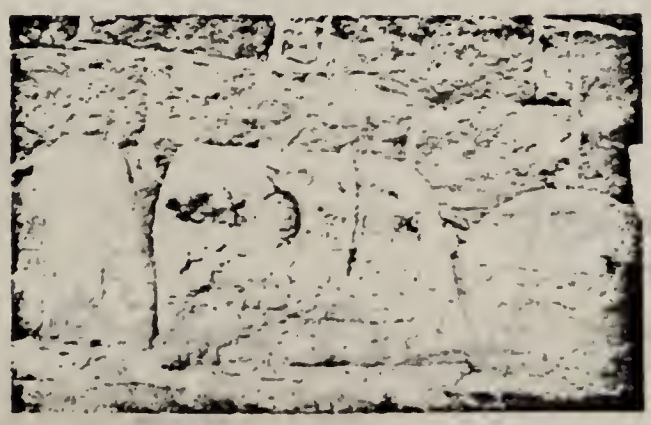
They : are : the : blest

That : live : at : Rest

From : sin : sorrow : and pain."

(only a portion of the epitaph can now be seen)

Photograph of this stone:



Simon Tuttle

Simon Tuttle was one of the numerous children of William and Elizabeth Tuttle. The original New Haven church records (now in the custody of the State Library at Hartford) give his baptism as:

"Simon Tuttle 28 : 1 mo : 1647"

He grew up there in New Haven in the midst of his turbulent family. As a young man starting out in life he became one of the original proprietors of Wallingford. His name appears among those who signed the fundamental agreement there on Jan. 31,1669/70. This agreement, with the original signatures, is in the Wallingford Town record book.

Tracing of Simon Tuttle's signature to this fundamental agreement:

Simon Tuttell—

These Wallingford records have many references to Simon Tuttle, especially in regard to his land holdings. These were numerous, but before his death he had deeded all the land away to various children. Probably this was the reason there is no will of Simon Tuttle on record. His death and that of his wife are on the Wallingford Vital Records. The exact notations are as follows:

Page 805: "Simon tuttle Died April ye 16 : 1719
aged about 72 years ".

Page 782: "abigal wife to Simon Tuttle Dyed August 1722".

The family name of this wife Abiggil has never been satisfactorily established. (It was most probably not Beach, as was once stated). An exhaustive search of New Haven records (studying all the Abigails given on baptismal and birth records there, etc) still gives no definite information. Simon Tuttle seems to have had relations with the Christopher family when he was living for a time in Branford, but no marriage there is of record.

Timothy Tuttle

Timothy Tuttle was the son of Simon and Abigail Tuttle, and was born in 1682, probably in Wallingford. (But no exact birth record has been found). He was a Deacon of the church in Wallingford and prominent in town affairs. His home was in the part of Wallingford that was Cheshire, and he is buried in the cemetery at Cheshire. The inscription on his grave-stone is as follows:

"Here lies ye body of Deacon Timothy Tuttle.
He died April ye 15th 1756, in ye 75th year
of his Age."

(The stone faces north and is very hard to photograph).

Deacon Timothy Tuttle was married several times. His first marriage was on Nov. 2, 1706, to Thankful Doolittle, the daughter of John Doolittle. (Wallingford Vitals, vol. 2, p. 0). She died Nov. 23, 1728 (same, vol. 5, p. 520).

Gershom Tuttle

Gershom Tuttle was the son of Timothy Tuttle and his wife Thankful Doolittle, and was born in Wallingford, Aug. 11, 1714. (Wallinford Vitals, vol. 2, p. 799).

The marriage of Gershom Tuttle is not given in the Tuttle genealogy, and it took considerable intuitive research to discover it, although it was in print!

As a young man Gershom Tuttle removed from Wallingford to northern Massachusetts, where he took up the land which his father Timothy Tuttle had obtained in the new town of Arlington, just above Northfield (which later became Winchester, New Hampshire).

During the time he was up there he evidently stayed some time in Northfield (where his uncle the Rev. Benjamin Doolittle was the Pastor of the church) and Sunderland, somewhat farther south. There, in Sunderland, Mass., Gershom Tuttle married, Oct. 17, 1737, Lois Allis. (From Sunderland Town records, as given in the History of Sunderland). She was the daughter of William Allis, of Sunderland-Montague and his wife Elizabeth Davis.

On his return from the north, Gershom Tuttle joined the colony of people from Cheshire and vicinity who removed to the town of Farmington and settled on Chippen's Hill, in what was called New Cambridge and is now the town of Bristol. There he had his home and was prominent in church and town affairs. He served in the French and Indian Wars and is called "Ensign Gershom Tuttle".

As is well known there was much dissention there in New Cambridge before and during the Revolutionary War. Chippens Hill was a center of Episcopalian and "Tory" feeling. Many of the families

removed northward to Claremont, New Hampshire. This was the case with Oliver Tuttle, the son of Gershom, and others of the family. About 1777, Gershom Tuttle himself went to Claremont, probably to visit his son, and died there on August 13, 1777. He is buried there at Claremont in the beautiful old West Side cemetery opposite the Episcopal church. A tall handsome stone is upon his grave. The inscription is given, but incorrectly, in Spoffords Claremont Gravestone Records). The correct reading is as follows:

" In Memory of
EnsI Garshom Tut
tle who died Augt
13th A.D.1777 in
ye 63th year of his
Age : A Man of Sober
Life : Who Lived belo
ved Lamented died
& may his Rest
with Christ Abide"

Although Gershom Tuttle died in New Hampshire, his will was probated back at Farmington. It is dated May 9, 1777 and was proved at Farmington on Sept. 2, 1777. (Estate No. 2757 of Farmington in Probate Files at Hartford Library).

Tracing of signature to the will:

Gargshom Puttle seal.

His wife, Lois Allis, had been born in Sunderland, Jan. 13, 1708. She survived her husband, as she is spoken of in his will; and it is evident that she died sometime after 1786, for on March 4, 1786, Gershom Tuttle Jr. the son sold, for 30 pounds, to "my mother the widow Lois Tuttle" a life interest in a parcel of land, 14 acres in Farmington, "to said Lois Tuttle for her use during her natural life". (Farmington Land records, vol. 26, p. 437).

Oliver Tuttle

Oliver Tuttle was the son of Gershom Tuttle and his wife Lois Allis, and was born in Farmington, Dec. 28, 1739. (Farmington Land Records, vol. 6, p. 7).

He lived with his father in the Chippens Hill district of New Cambridge, and married there, about 1761, Hannah Merriam. (From family records). She was the daughter of Ebenezer Merriam and his wife Hannah Blakeslee, and was born March 8, 1744, in Wallingford.

About 1772, Oliver Tuttle removed with friends and relatives to Claremont, New Hampshire. Although he was a member of the Episcopal church he did not appear to follow others in their Tory activities. His name appears among the signers of the famous "Declaration" from Claremont, expressing themselves as in favor of complete independence from British rule. This was dated May 30, 1776. (New Hampshire State Papers, vol. 30, p. 34; etc). Oliver Tuttle also served himself in the army and paid money to hire others to serve. These services are also in New Hampshire State

Papers, vol. 15, p. 27; vol. 16, p. 608; etc) (which see).

Hannah Tuttle, the wife of Oliver, died while they were living in Claremont, and was also buried there in the West Side cemetery. The inscription on her grave stone is as follows:

" In Memory of
Mrs. Hannah ye
Wife of Mr Oliver
Tuttle who died
Sept. 12th 1785
In the 42nd year
of her age. "

Her death is also given in the original Claremont Town records, with the same date.

The birth of their daughter, Prudence Tuttle is also given there on the same page:

"Prudence Tuttle born Sept. 8, 1785 ".

The mother evidently died from the effects of childbirth, of this child Prudence, (who later married Horace Kellogg, the son of Loomis Kellogg).

Sometime later, Oliver Tuttle married again, to Mrs. Mary Brown, the widow of Richard Brown. (and possibly also a third time later).

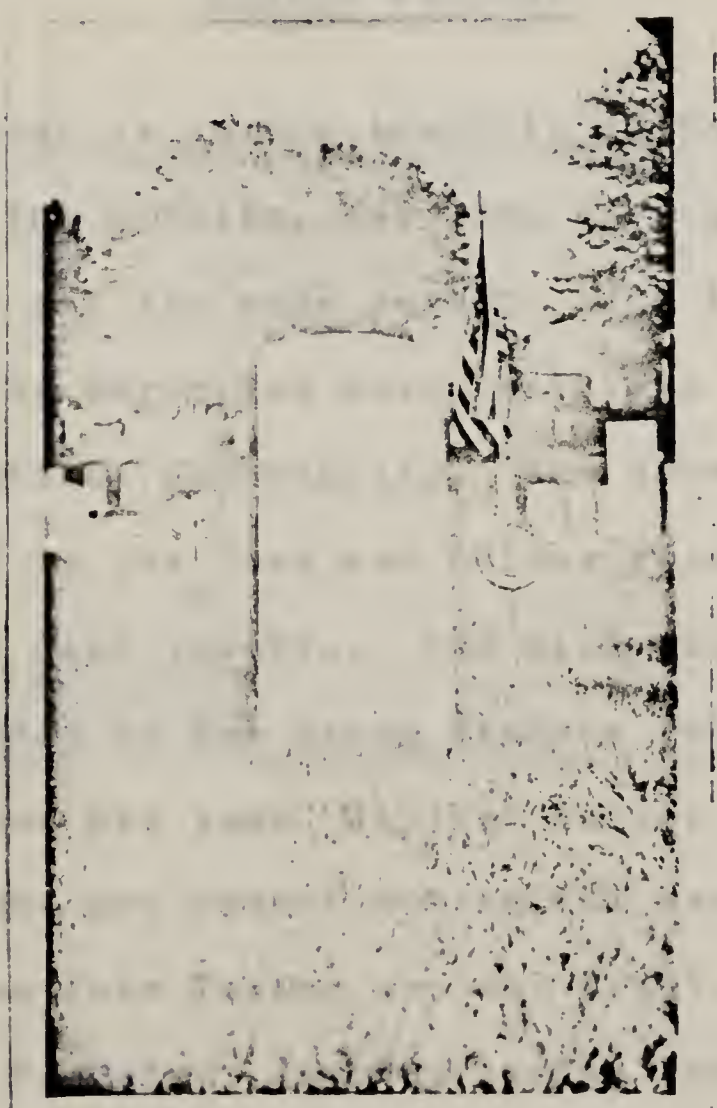
About 1795, Oliver Tuttle left Claremont and went to the frontier in central New York state, where he established first a home on the headwaters of Otisco Lake, and then permanently in the vicinity of what is now Freetown, or "Texas Valley" in Cortland County.

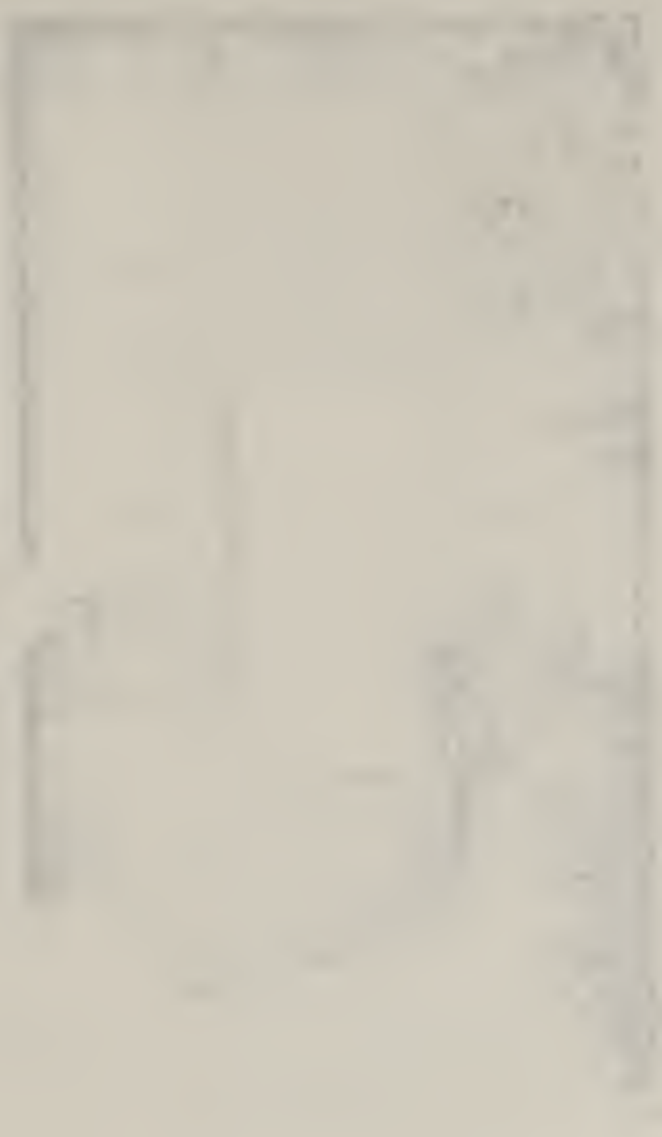
Oliver Tuttle is said to have died at the home of his son William Tuttle, in Freetown, on April 6, 1834. (From the family bible of Horace Kellogg). He is buried in the cemetery at Texas Valley (actually in the present town of Marathon, Cortland Co.). The inscription on his gravestone is as follows:

" Mr Oliver Tuttle Died Apr. 6th 1834 AEt 94 y & 3 m

Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord ".

Photograph of the stone. (It is marked with a D. A. R. service flag):





The Beecher Family

The genealogical history of this famous family of New Haven is well known, although there is no complete general genealogy in print. Jacobus, in his "Families of Ancient New Haven, is, of course, the best authority to follow. (The compiler of these notes worked out his own line of descent in this family from the original sources, but found no essential difference with the facts as given by Jacobus). A few additional notes, however, from these sources may be of interest.

Hannah Beecher

The old dispute as to the identity of the widow Beecher and the widow Potter, the midwife, has long been quieted and it is seen that they were one and the same person. She is one of the few women from among the early New Haven settlers who seems to come before us with a distinct personality. The chief records of her life there may be found in the Town and Colony records of New Haven, and in the Probate and Deed records. Her will was probated April 5, 1659, and is recorded in New Haven Probate records, vol. 1, part 1, p. 80. She mentions her sons, William Potter and Isaac Beecher, and grandchildren (John and Samuel Potter and Hannah Blakeslee, the children of the son John Potter who was dead). She appointed son William Potter as Executor, and "my loving friends" Mr. Matthew Gilbert and John Wakeman" as overseers. The two latter were also the witnesses, together with Sarah Rotherford. She signed the will by her mark. The inventory had been taken on March 2, 1658/9. It included a long list of her clothes, "a Sea chest",

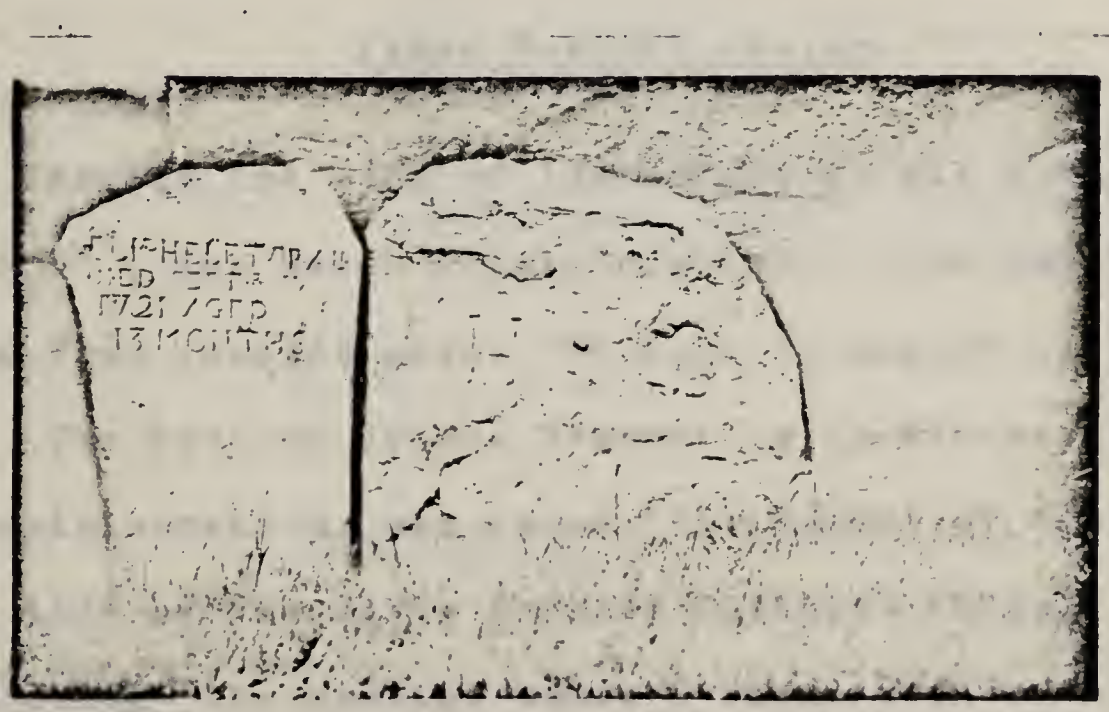
a "Great Bible", "Doctr. Preston's and other books", etc. The total amount was not given.

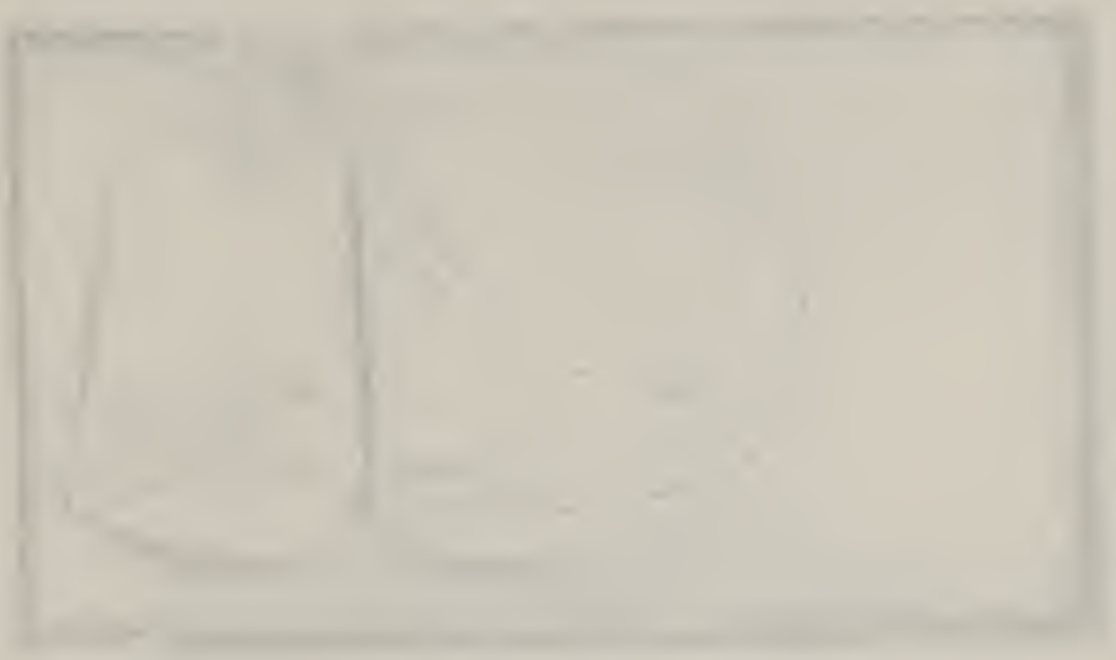
In the Grove Street cemetery at New Haven, among the very old tombstones, standing in a row around the outer wall of the cemetery (those taken from the old cemetery down on the green), is a stone (of the greenish stone variety like the very oldest) marked simply with the two letters:

H B and nothing else.

It has been reputed to be, and quite probably is, the grave-stone of Hannah Beecher.

Photograph of this stone:





Isaac Beecher Sr.

Isaac Beecher was the youngest son of the widow Hannah Beech of New Haven (as he is definitely called "younger brother" of William Potter in her will). He must have been born in England about 1620-25. There are almost innumerable references to him on the New Haven Colony and Town records. His land holdings are given at length on the Deed records. He died sometime between Sept. 26, 1689 (date of his will), and Aug. 28, 1690 (date of the inventory of his estate). The will was proved Nov. 12, 1690. (From New Haven Probate records, vol. 2, p. 62).

Isaac Beecher Junior.

"Isacke Beecher the sonn of Isack Beecher was borne the 18th of August, 1650" (New Haven Vital Records). He is often mentioned on the Town records also. He died in August or early September, 1708. The bond of Joanna Beecher, with Eleazer Beecher as surety, as administratrix, was dated "1st Munday of Sept. 1708" (Estate No. 1104 of New Haven Probate District Files). The inventory, including "the mansion house & barne with orchard & home lot" was taken Sept. 16, 1708. Among the items were "4 old books" at 6sh, 8d., and two other books at 12 pounds! (One wonders what these valuable books may have been). A distribution of the estate of date Nov. 1708 is given in New Haven County Court Records, (vol. 2, p. 372). It was divided among the widow, the eldest son Isaac, and six other younger children.

The wife of this Isaac Beecher was Joanna Roberts (born June 26, 1657 as given on the Milford Vital records), daughter of William and Joanna Roberts of Milford. She died Feb. 24, 1732. Her grave stone has been preserved among those in the Grove Street cemetery at New Haven. It is of reddish stone, and is in the long row, alphabetically placed. The inscription is as follows:

" Here lyes
the Body of
Mrs. Joanna Beecher
Relict to Mr. Isaac
Beecher who died
Febr. ye 24, 1732
Aged 77 Years. "

Photograph of this stone:

John Beecher

John Beecher was the son of Isaac Jr. and Joanna Beecher, and was born in New Haven and baptized there on Aug. 24, 1689, by the Rev. James Pierpoint (from the original New Haven Church records). He removed to Wallingford, where he was living by 1725 anyway, in the part that is now Cheshire. The Cheshire church records state that John Beecher was buried on April 15, 1756. But thus date must

be a mistake for 1757, for his will, dated Feb. 16, 1757, was proved at New Haven in June, 1757. The inventory was taken on June 4, 1757. The total was over 560 pounds (quite a large amount) and the list of items was very long . It included a number of books, among them being "the pilgrim progrise", and "Mr. Leavenworth's Sermons"; also "part of old Bible" (whatever that might mean), and "Rite in Law Book". At any rate the literary interests of the Beecher family were represented! (Estate No. 1119 in New Haven Probate Files). His wife was Elizabeth Barnes, the daughter of Thomas Barnes and his wife Abigail Frost.

Isaac Beecher

This Isaac Beecher, the son of John and Elizabeth Beecher, was born Feb. 20, 1723 (Wallingford Vital Records, vol. 2, p. 792). He lived apparent;y in Cheshire, on the same farm his father John Beecher had owned (although the actual home site had been given by the father John to his daughter Jemima). As late as Sept. 4, 1773, he deeded to son Isaac Beecher Junior land "taken off from the west side of my homestead in New Cheshire where I now live". Later in life he seems to have been living in Woodbridge or Bethany. (There were several Beechers living in that region and it is difficult to place them properly. The direct descent, however, is made plain by a deed, in 1785, when Isaac Beecher of Woodbridge sold land to his son Justus, or "Justice" Beecher of Bethany. This was his home lot and house. He also gave son Justus, for love and affection, other land on the same date "as part of his portion".) This

Isaac Beecher died July 9, 1791 (Bethany Death records).

Justus Beecher

Justus Beecher was the son of Isaac Beecher and his second wife, Dorcas (Thomas) Tuttle, the daughter of Joseph Thomas and wife Dorcas Richardson. (At the time she married Isaac Beecher she was the widow of Abel Tuttle). Justus Beecher was born, probably in Cheshire, on May 27, 1763. (From family bible records). He married, about 1785, Sarah Hotchkiss (born March 20, 1766, as given on these same family records), the daughter of David Hotchkiss and wife Abigail Douglass.

Justus Beecher had service during the Revolutionary War, as a young man. In Connecticut Military Papers No. 2594 b. (of the 2nd series of Revolutionary Archives, in the State Library at Hartford): "Justice Beecher" appears in a list of the Second Draft of a militia company, dated October 1779. This was the 16th co. of the 2nd regt. of militia and was under the command of Capt. Raymond Bronson who replace Capt. David Beecher (who had asked to be relieved and did retire on Oct. 28, 1779).

Justus Beecher lived in Woodbridge and Bethany until about 1810 or a little later, when he removed to what is now Windsor, in Broome Co. New York state. There he died July 3, 1846, and his wife Sarah died Dec. 10, 1853. (Her father had also come to Windsor, where he was prehaps the most prominent early settler).

Both Justus and Sarah Beecher are buried in the town cemetery at Windsor (as well as her father David Hotchkiss and others of the family). The inscriptions on their stones are as follows:

Justus

Beacher

Died

July 3, 1846

Aged 84 yrs.

My children dear assemble here
A fathers grave to see
Not long ago I dwelt with you
But soon you'll dwell with me.

(Masonic Emblem)

Sarah

Wife of

Justus Beecher

daughter of

David Hotchkiss Esq.

Died

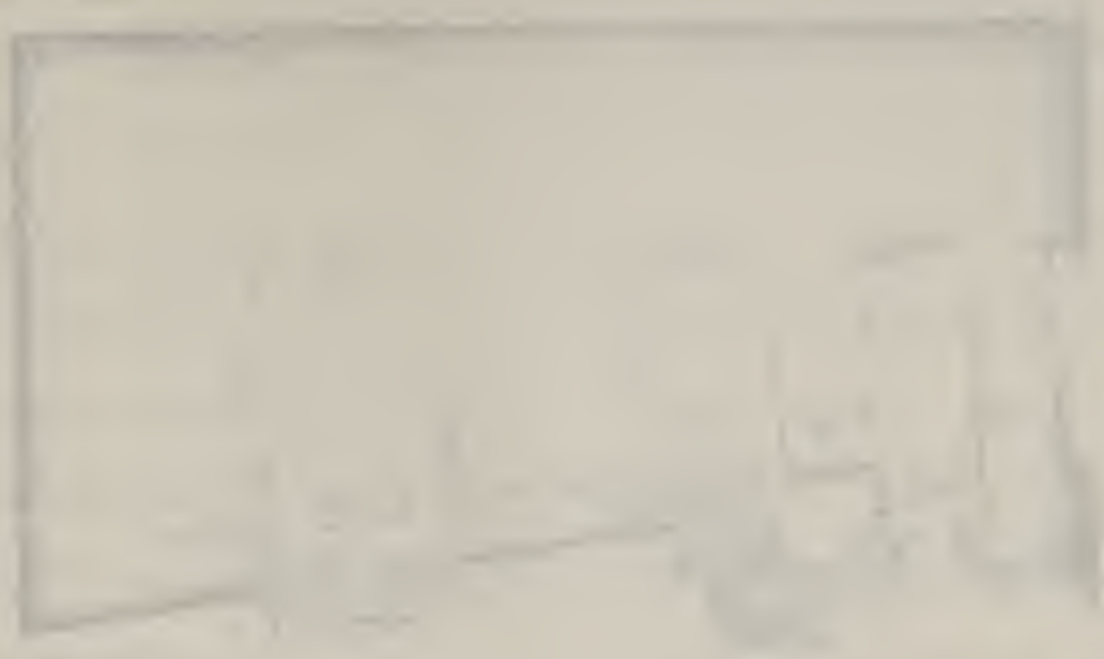
Dec. 10, 1853

Aged 88 yrs.

Thou art gone from us dear mother
Thy voice no more we hear
Thou hast left our (?) circle
? (illegible).

Photograph of these stones:

← Grave of Sarah Beecher is here.



David Beecher

David Beecher was the son of Justus and Sarah Beecher, and was born, probably in Woodbridge, Conn., Jan. 30, 1788 (Family Bible records). He married, about 1809, Chestina Hitchcock, daughter of the Rev. Oliver Hitchcock and his wife Mercy Parker.

He lived in Cheshire, in that part which was called "Columbia" (now the town of Prospect). In the federal census of 1810, he appears there in Cheshire (immediately after Oliver Hitchcock on the list) as having 1 male of 16 to 26 yrs., 1 female under 10 and 1 of 16 to 26. (These evidently were himself, his wife, and small daughter Delia).

David Beechers wife Chestina died about 1812-13, and he married again, about 1818, Sarah Dimock. He then removed from Connecticut to Broome Co., N. Y., where his father Justus Beecher was living, and then later to Pike Co., Pa., where he settled in Milford township on the Delaware river. He died there between 1840 and 1850, (as shown by census records).

The children of David and Chestina Hitchcock were three, as follows:

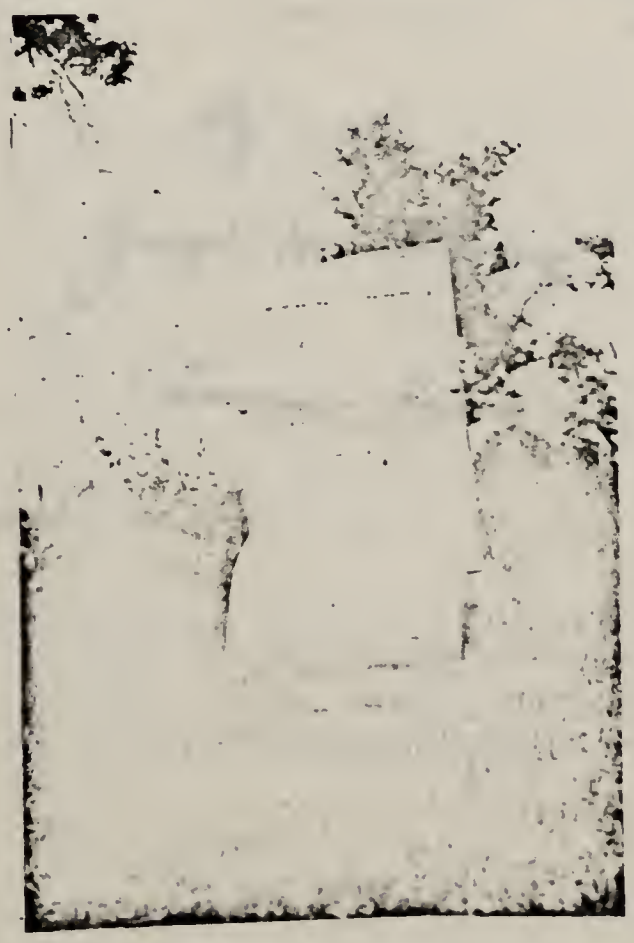
1. Delia. Born Jan. 11, 1810. "The home of her childhood was in Truxton, Cortland Co., N. Y., where she was instructed in the principles of the Congregational religion by her grandfather, Rev. Oliver Hitchcock, at whose residence she found a home until the time of her marriage" (From an obituary notice). She married, August 7, 1838, Hiram Kellogg, son of Horace Kellogg and his

wife, Prudence Tuttle. She died in McHenry Co., Ill. Dec. 18, 1861. (Family records). (The compiler of these notes is a grandson of Hiram and Delia Beecher Kellogg.)

2. Mercy. Born April 22, 1811. She married, March 31, 1832, Dr. Daniel Delaney. She died in Emporia, Kansas, July 1, 1881. (They had no children)

3. Burr. Born Feb. 29, 1812; died in Emporia, Kansas, Oct. 27, 1875. He never married.

Photograph of grave stone (broken) of Delia Beecher Kellogg in Solon Mills, McHenry Co. Ill.:



Photographs of
Cemteries and Historic Places.

- New England -

Pennsylvania

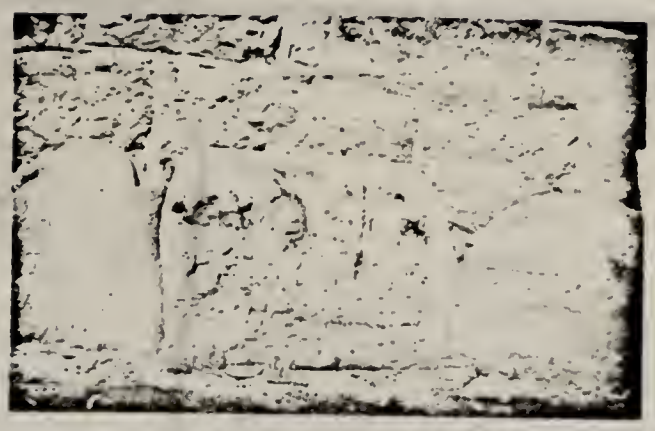
By.

Joseph M. Kellogg

(Lawrence. Kansas).

New Haven, Conn.

Grove St. Cemetery.



Gravestone of Mrs. Elizabeth Tuttle

(wife of William Tuttle).

The inscription is:

"

Age: 76 : 31: 10: 1684

Elisabeth Tuttle.

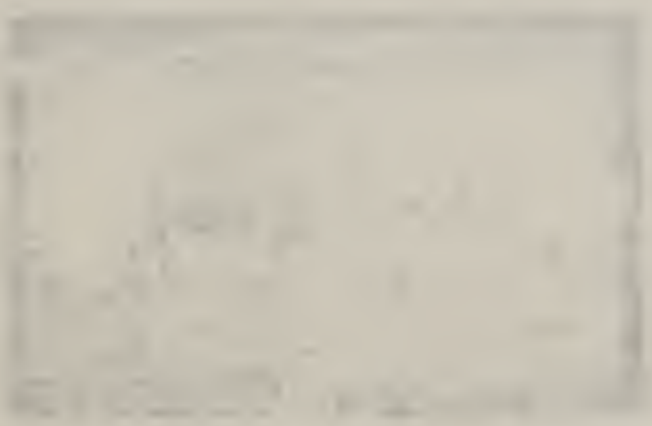
The: blest: line: of

Thy: are: the: blest

That: line: at: rest

From: Sin: Sorrow: and pain"

(The bottom part is taken from a copy made at time of stone's removal to Grove St.).



New Haven, Conn.

(Grove St Cemetery - Stones removed from the Church green).

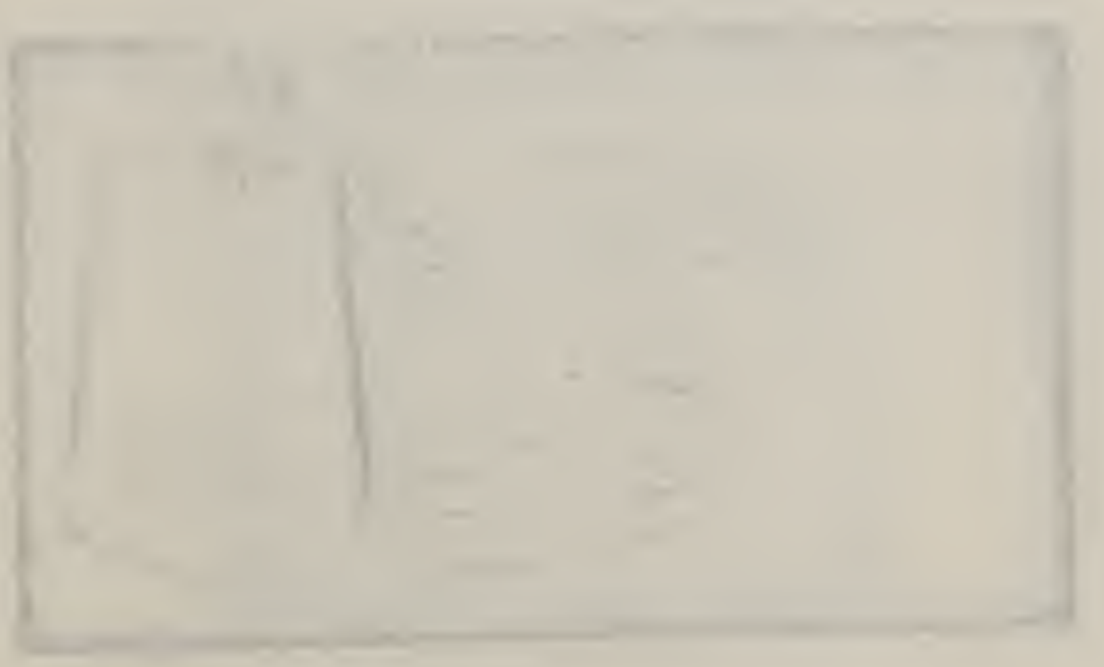
Old Stone with "H-B", supposed to be that of:

Hannah Beecher (founder of the family - died 1659).

Gravestone of Mrs. Joanna (Roberts) Beecher.

Born Jan 26. 1657 - Died Feb. 24. 1732.

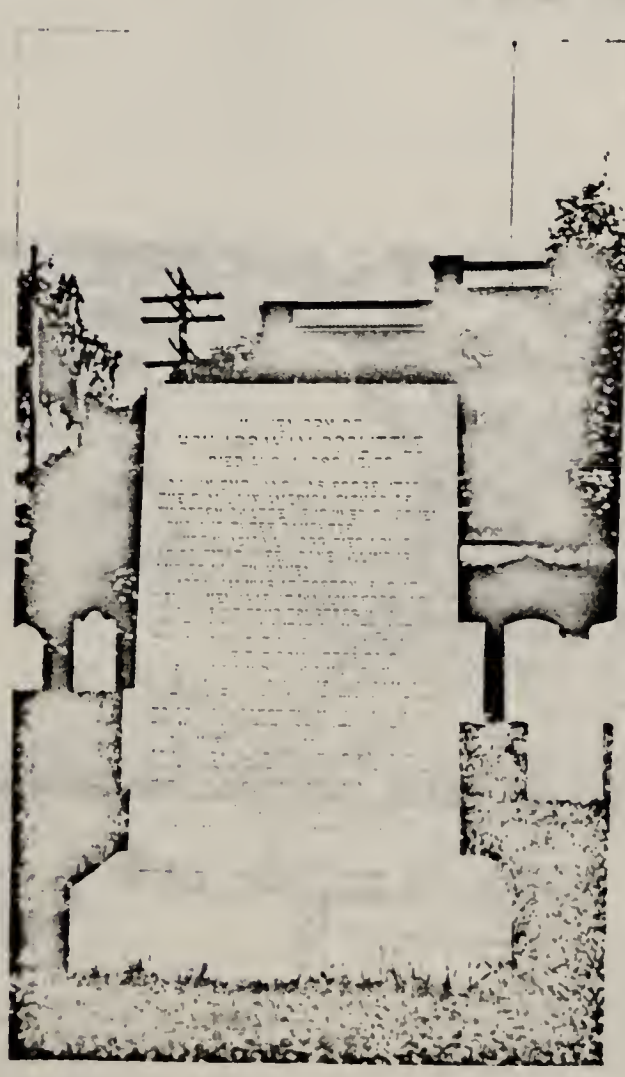
Wife of Isaac Beecher Jr



Wallingford. Conn.

Grave of Abraham Doolittle (founder of the family died 1690)

The original old Stone.

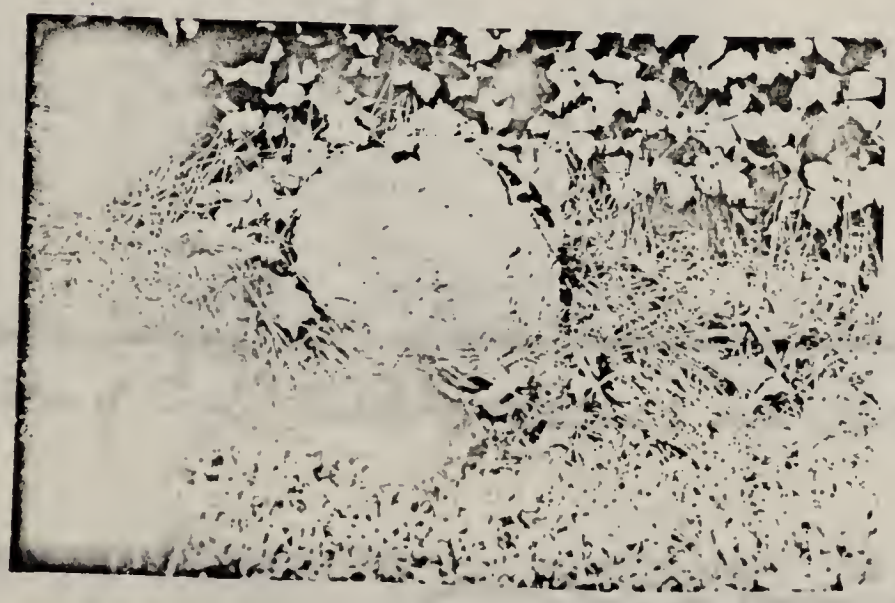


The modern monument. —

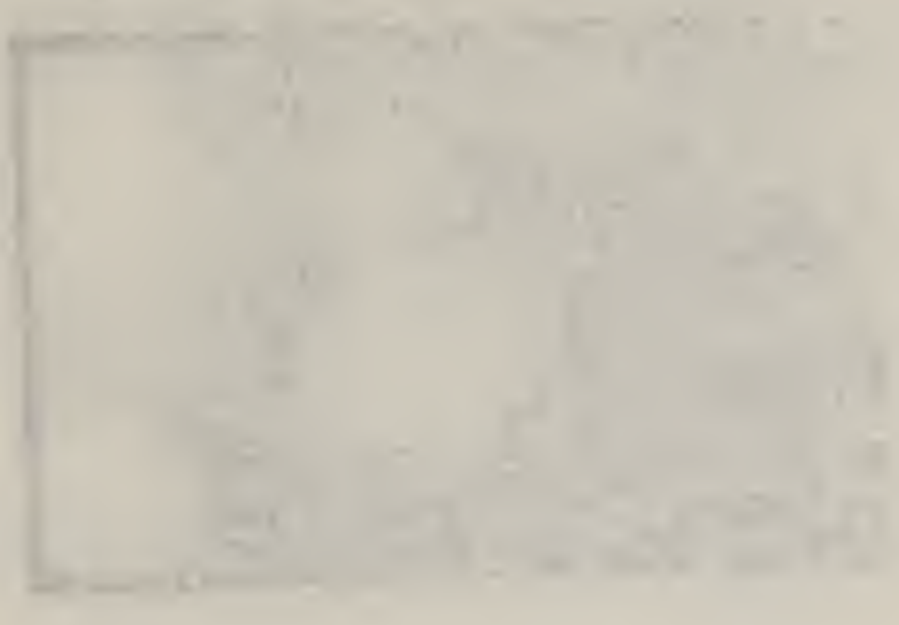
Wallingford, Conn.

The old Town cemetery - Two very old stones. -

Grave of William Holt.
(died 1683)

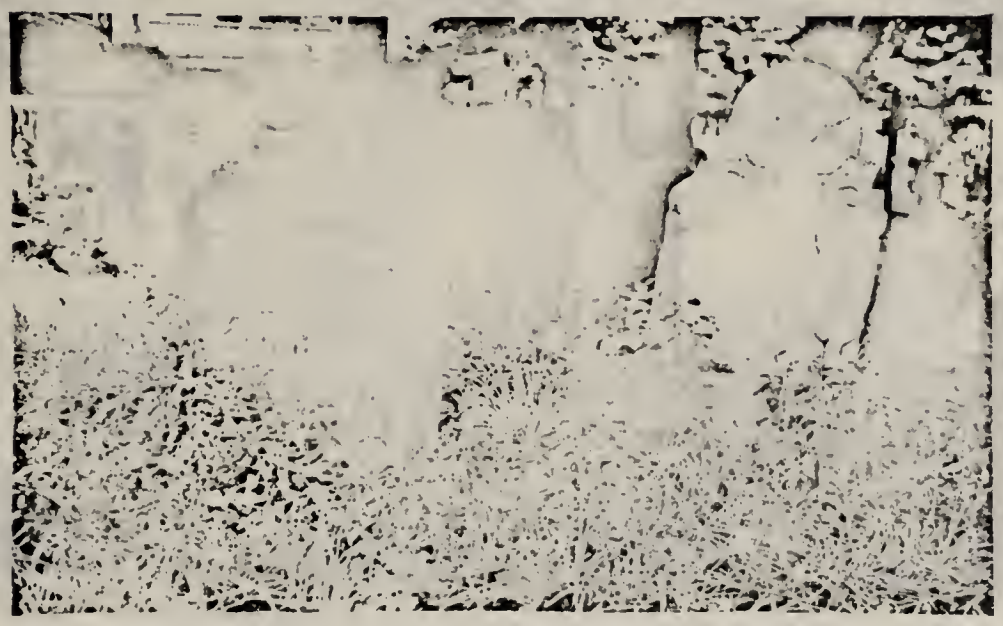


Grave of Mrs. Elizabeth Howe.

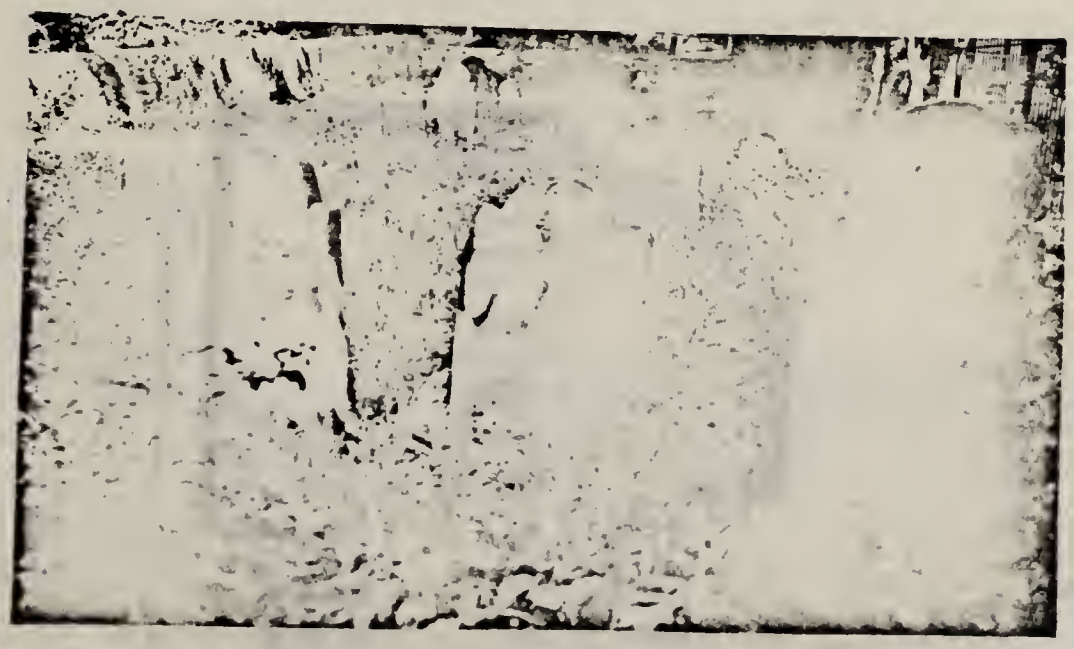


Bristol, Conn.

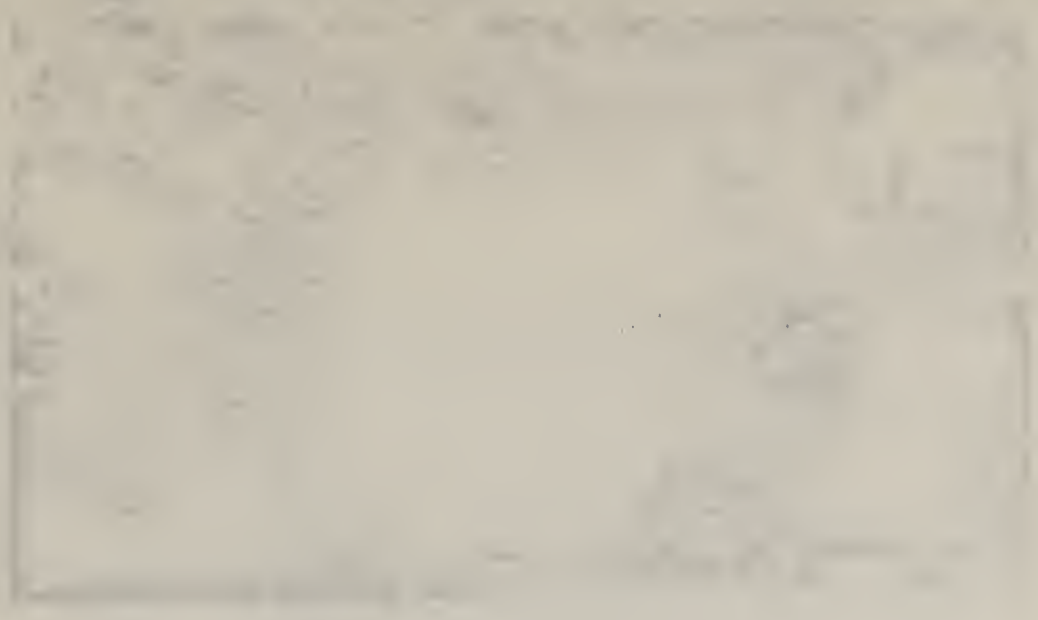
The old Episcopal ("Tory") Cemetery. —

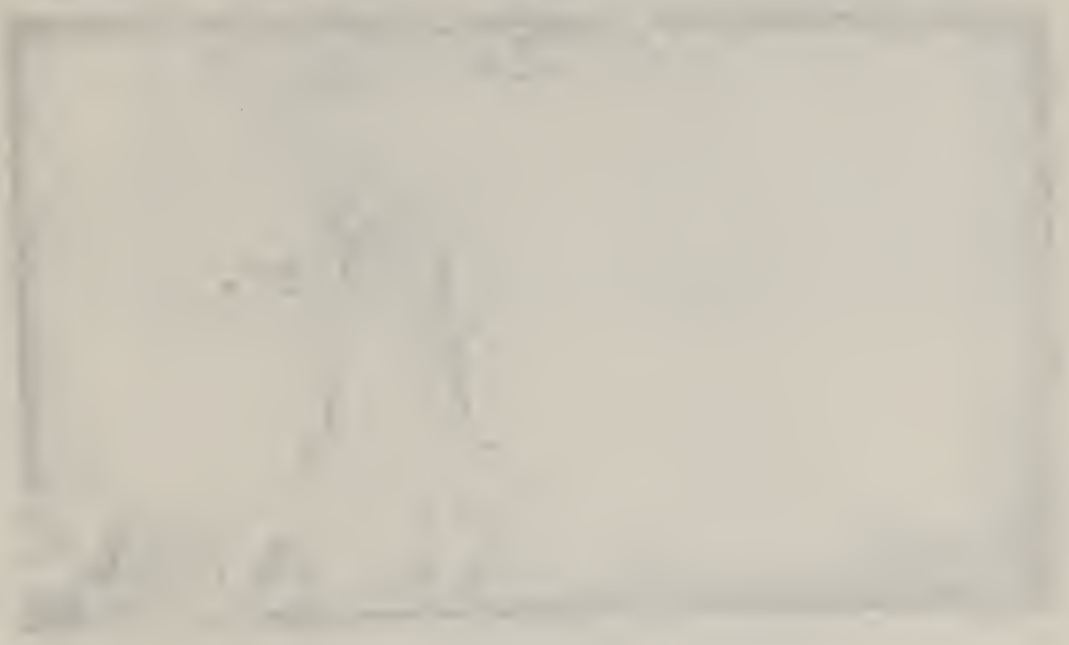


Graves of Nehemiah Royce & wife Rhoda.



Graves of Capt. Caleb Matthews & wife Ruth.

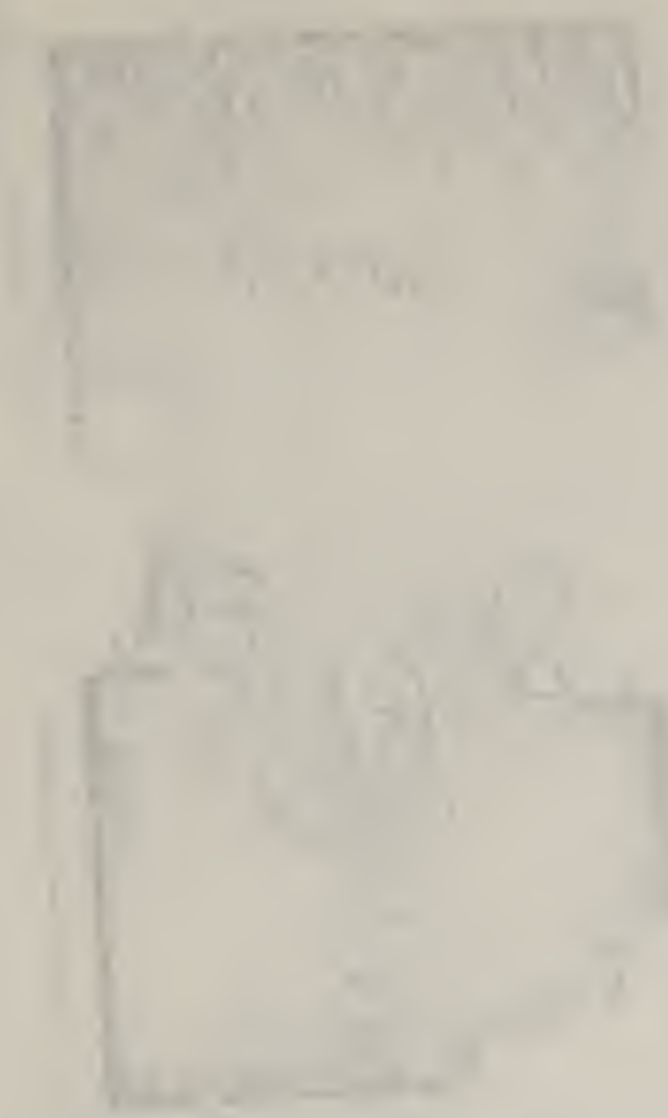




Cheshire. Conn.

Gravestone of Caleb Matthews Sr.

Gravestone of Mrs. Anna Hitchcock &
two infant Children

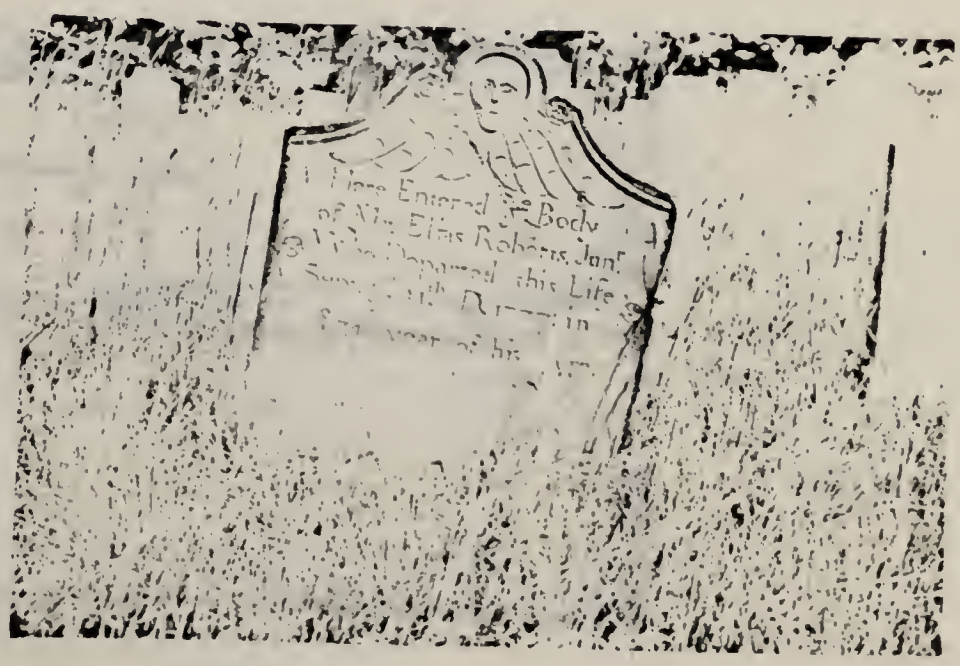


Bristol, Conn.

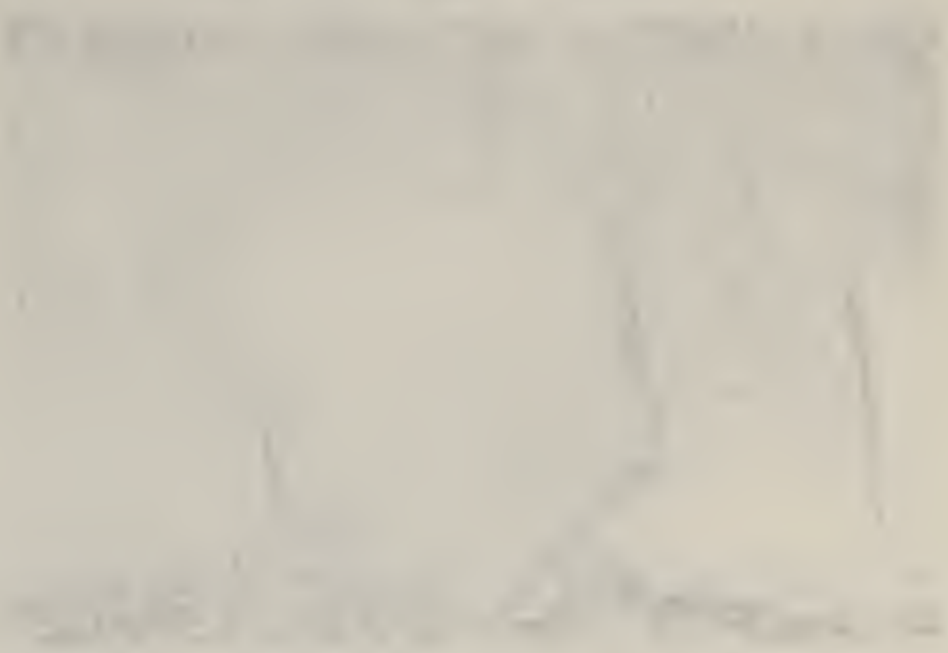
South, or Downs St. Cemetery -

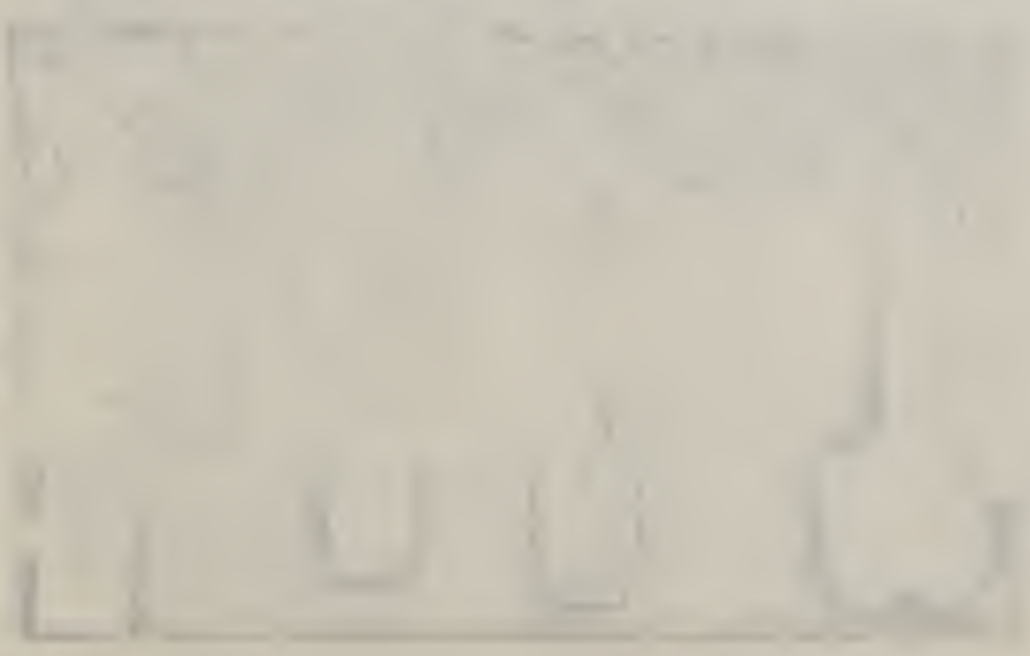
Grave of Hezekiah Bunnel and wife.

Grave of Moses Bradley



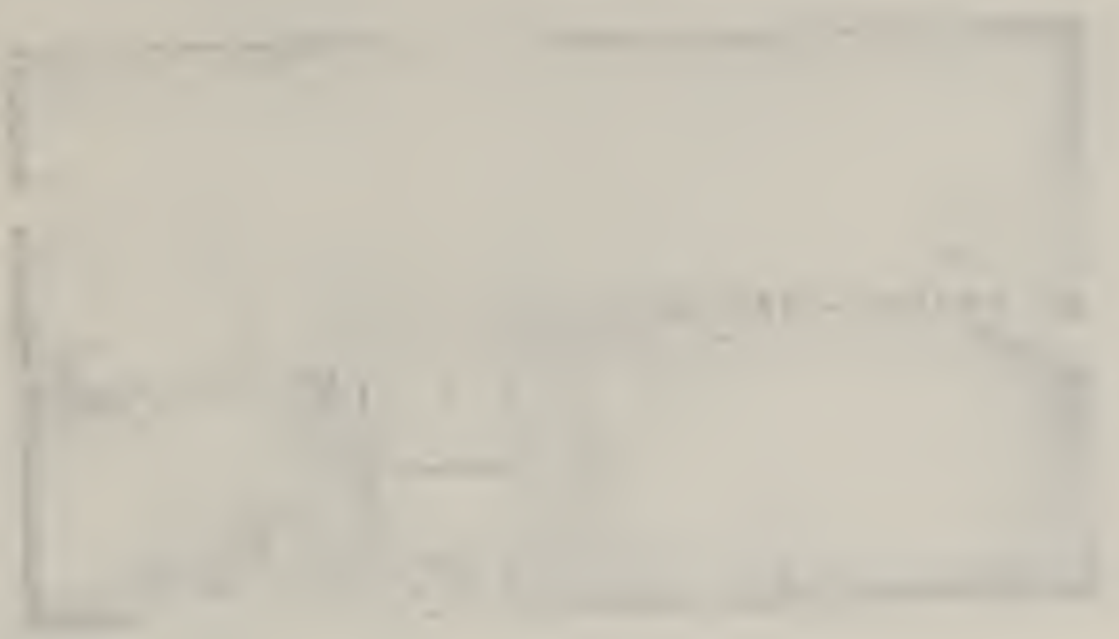
Grave of Elias Roberts





St. Matthews - Episcopal.

Church and Cemetery at East Plymouth, Conn.



Great Barrington, Mass.

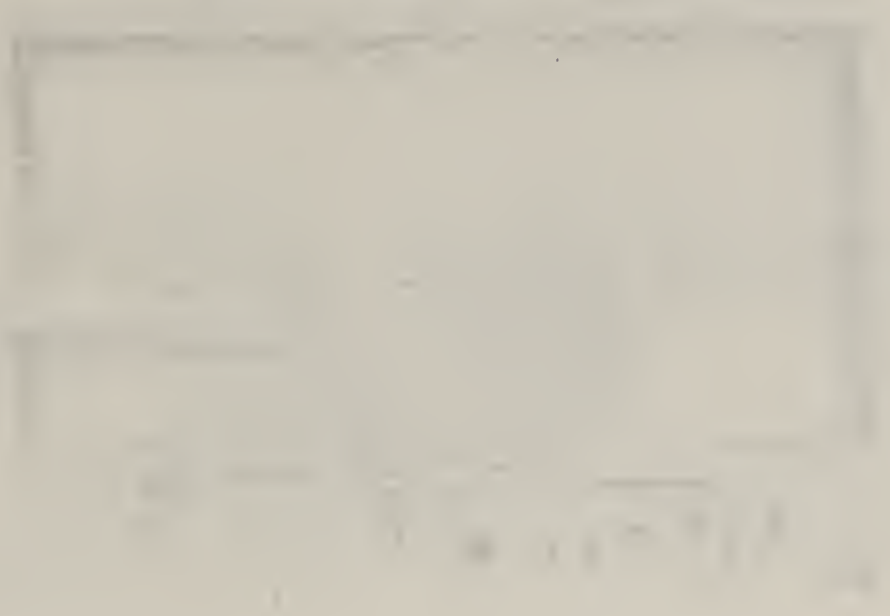
Mahaiwai Cemetery

The old Root family graves.

"Hear lies the bod
of Joshua Root
aged 48
1730"

Grave of Joshua Root Sr

(said to be the oldest stone in this cemetery).



Great Barrington, Mass.

Mahaiwai Cemetery

Samuel Lee.

Moses Church

Cambridge. Mass.

First Church Ceme[tery].

Grave of Deacon John Cooper.

(Died 1691)

Modern monument stone of deacon Gregory Stone

Sheffield, Mass.

South Cemetery. —

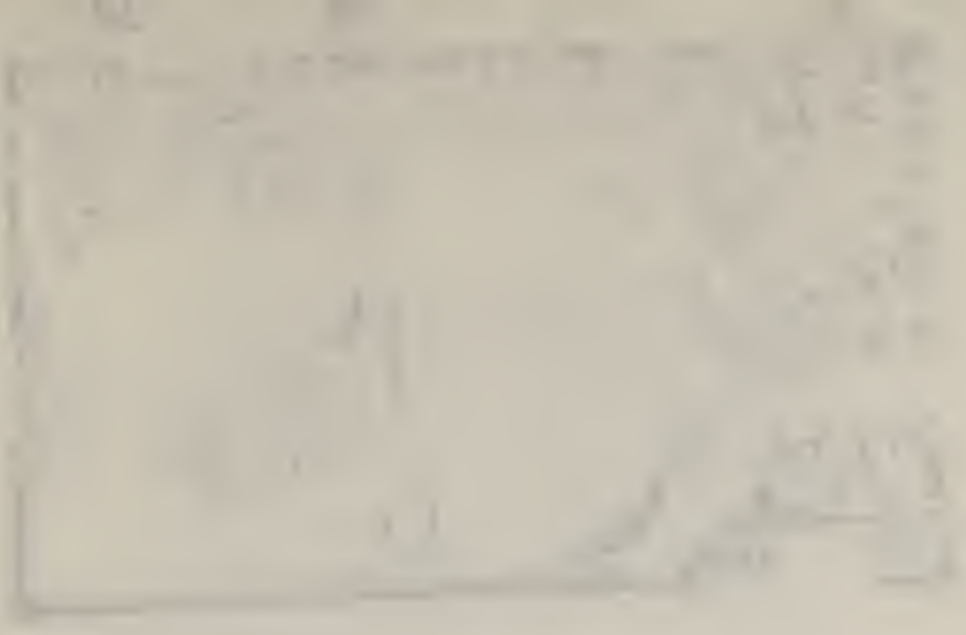
Grave of General John Fellows.

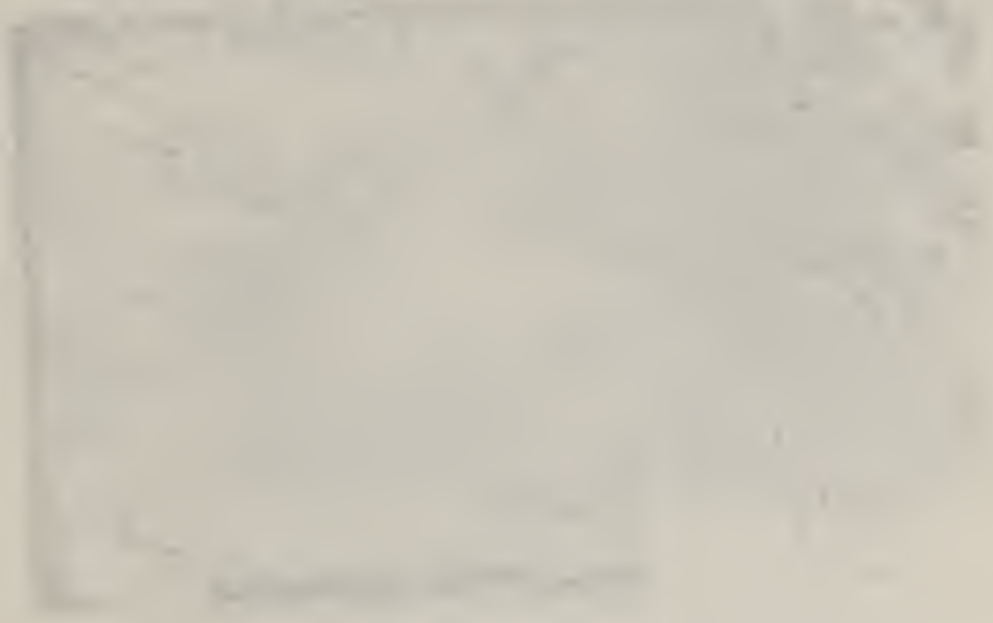
Sheffield, Mass.

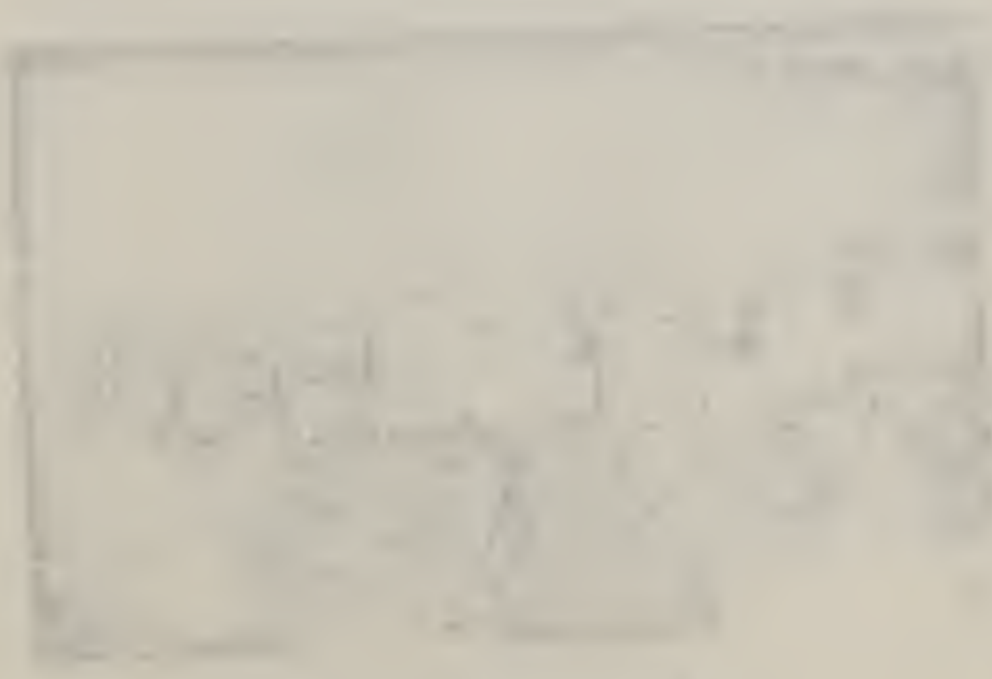
"North or Plains" Cemetery -

Grave of Mrs. Dorothy Root

Grave of Daniel Clark



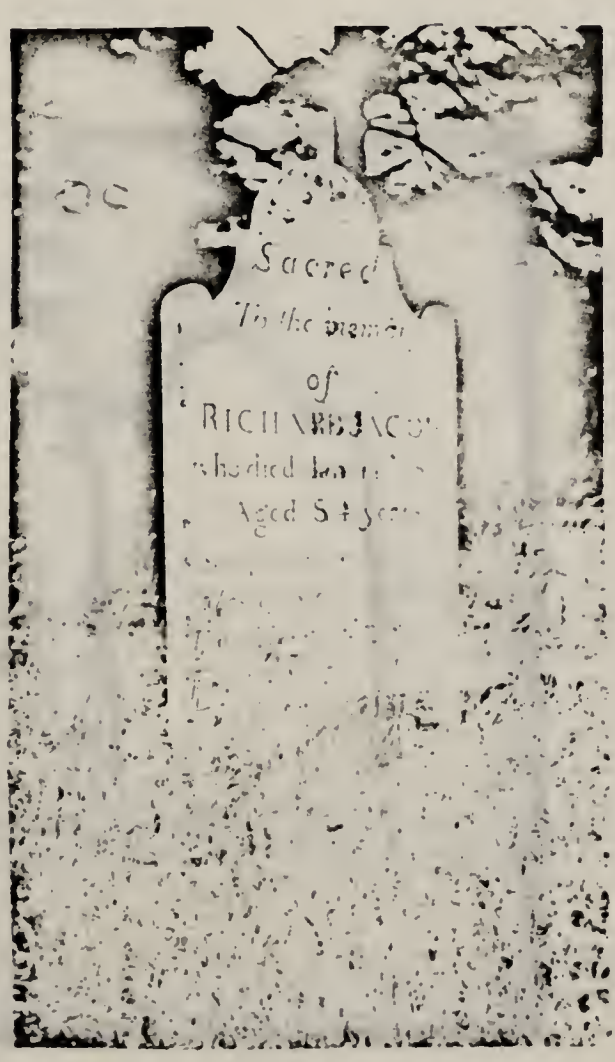




Sheffield, Mass.

- Bow-wow. Cemetery -

(General view)



Grave of Richard Jacob.

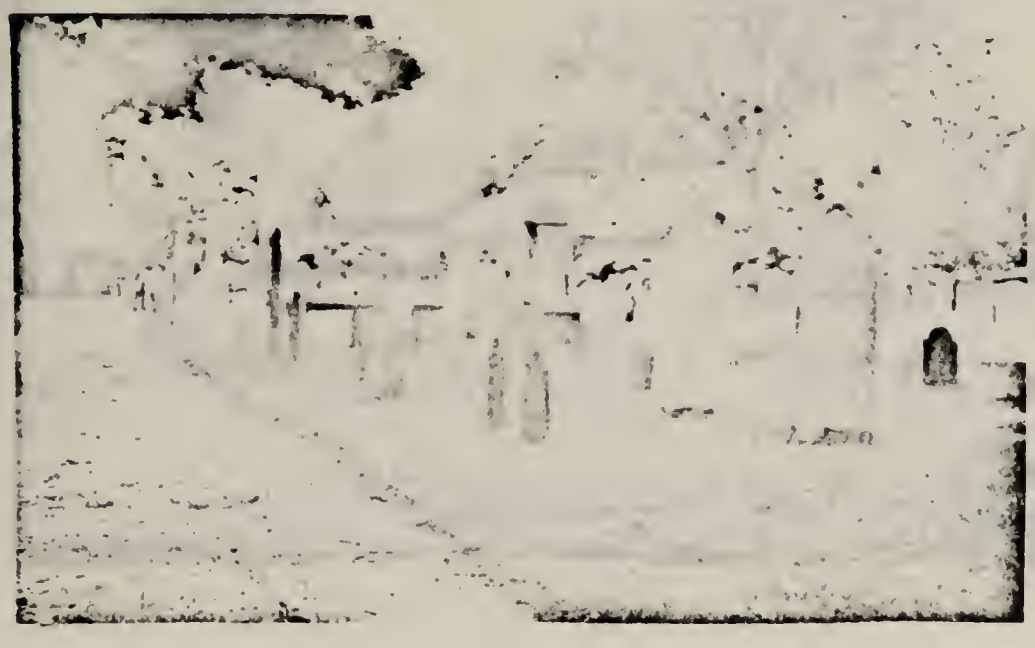
Egremont, Mass.

Town Hill Cemetery

Grave of Capt. Robert Joyner.

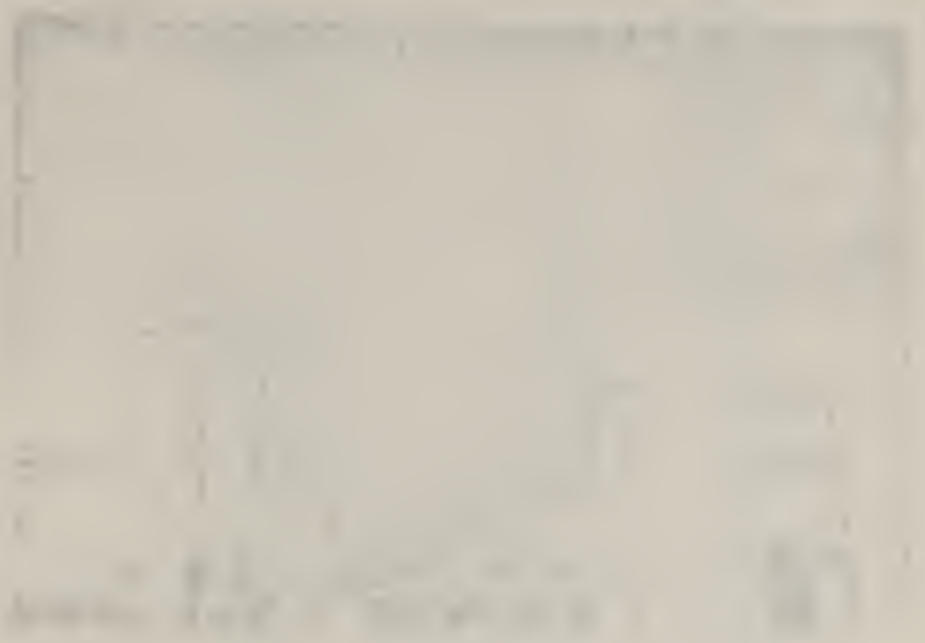
Northfield, Mass.

The Town Cemetery.



General view.

Gravestone of Lt. Elizur Wright.



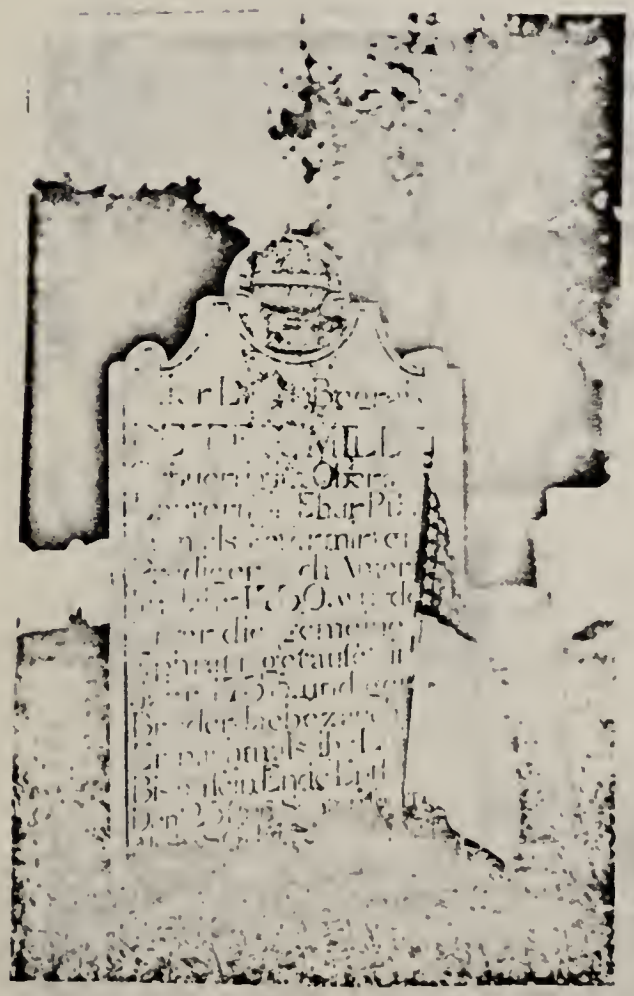
Hatfield. Mass.

The old Town Cemetery on the Hill.

The Cloister Cemetery

(Ephrata, Pa.)

General view

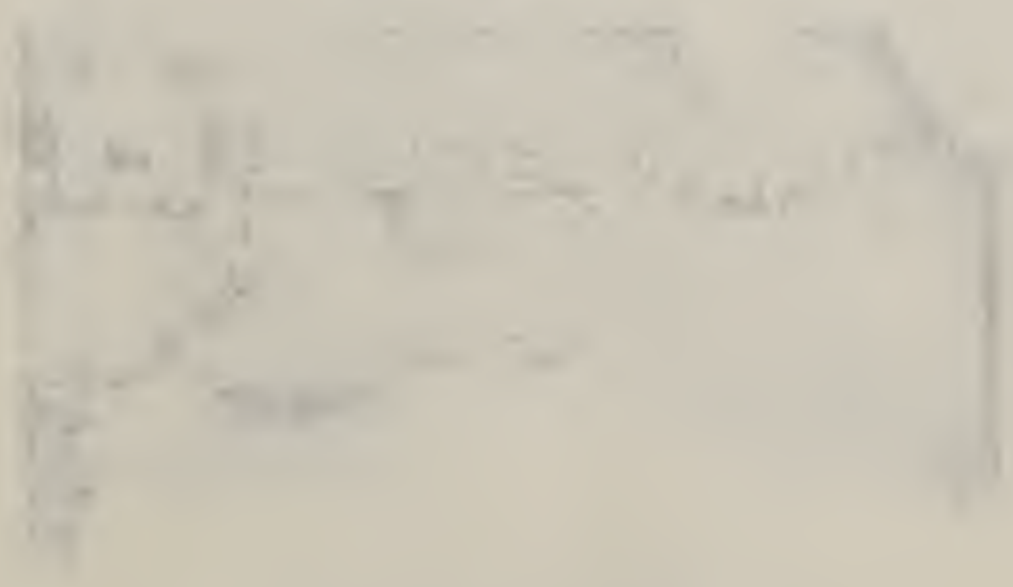


Gravestone of the Rev.

Peter Miller

"Brother Jabez"

Gravestone of Heinrich Miller



The Bergstrasse Cemetery.

(near Ephrata, Pa.)

. General View of cemetery.

Grave stone of:

George Yunt (IVNT)

Born: March 14, 1719

Died: Sept. 15, 1770

. aged 51.

Gravestone of:

"Christoff Kolp"

Born 1711

etc.

(Stone said to have been carved by

Christ Lutheran Cemetery

Tulpehocken, Pa.

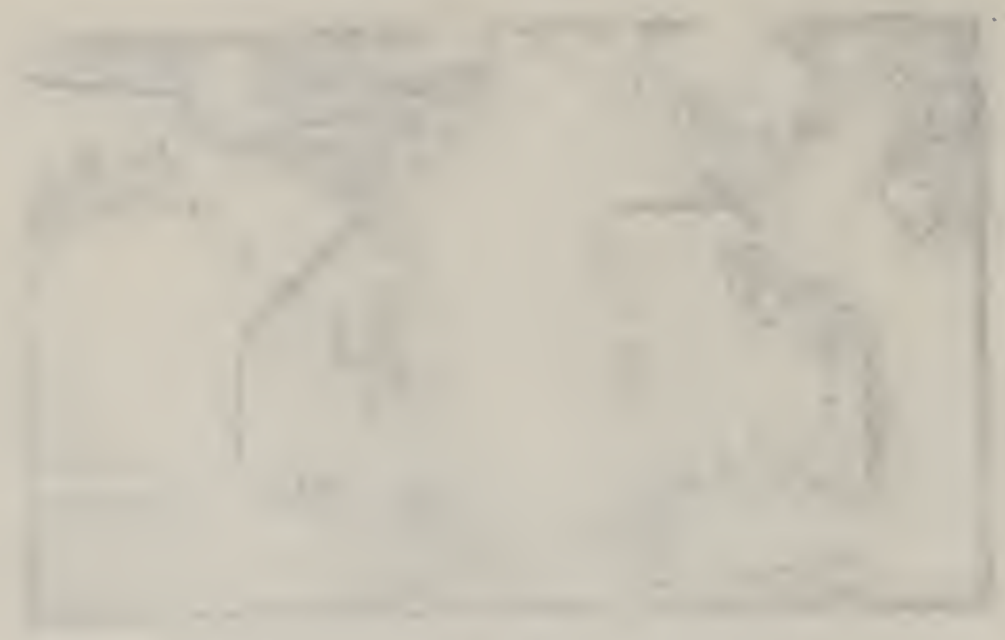
(Early German gravestones).

The Zeller Fort-house.

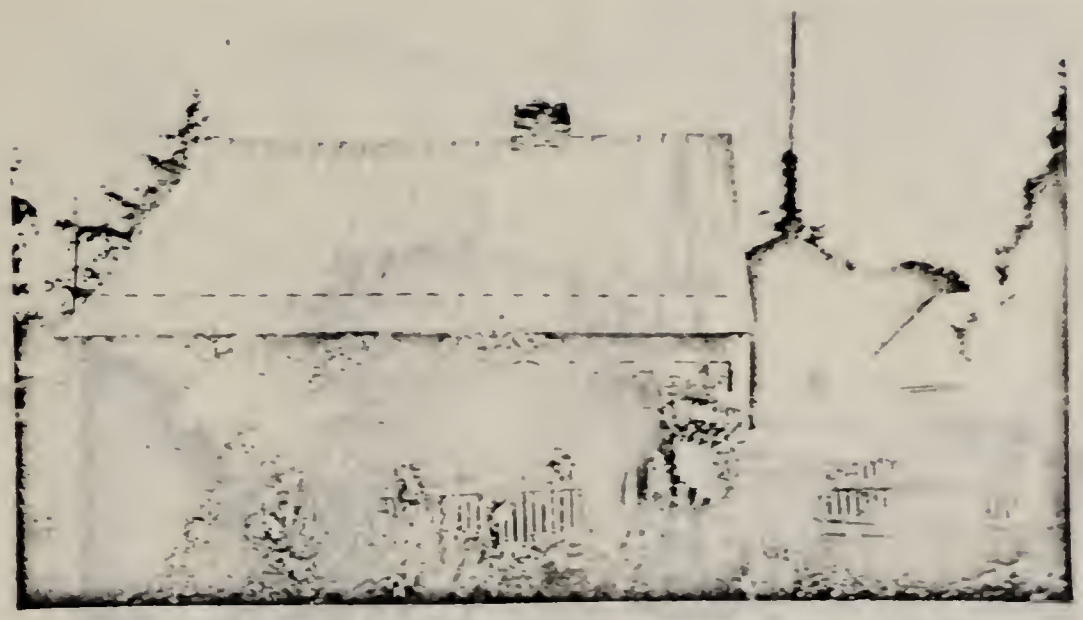
(Near Millbach, Lebanon Co., Pa.).

(View of the North side)

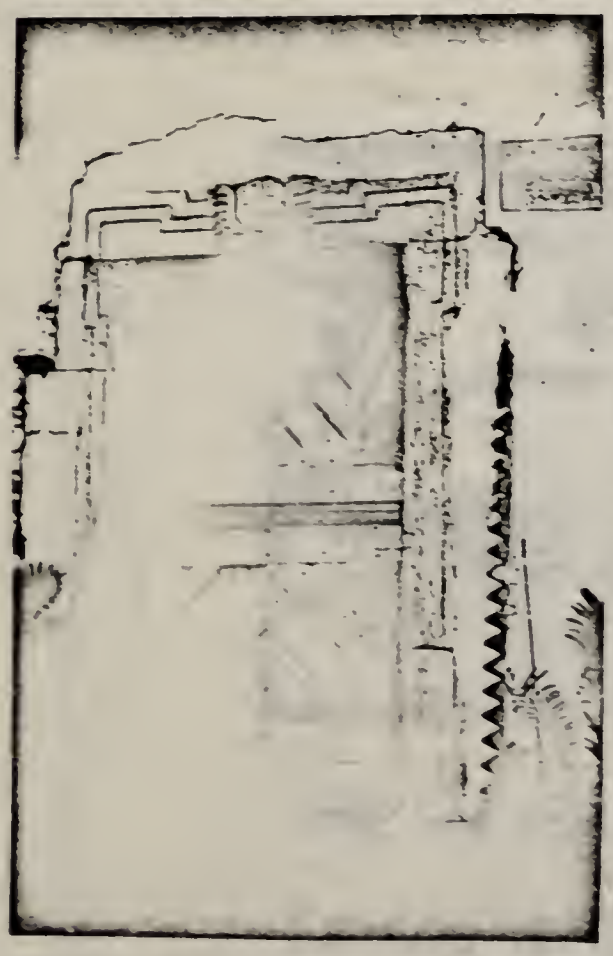
(This is the door to the "Spring-house" cellar. To the left was the window when Mrs. Zeller killed the intruding Indians).

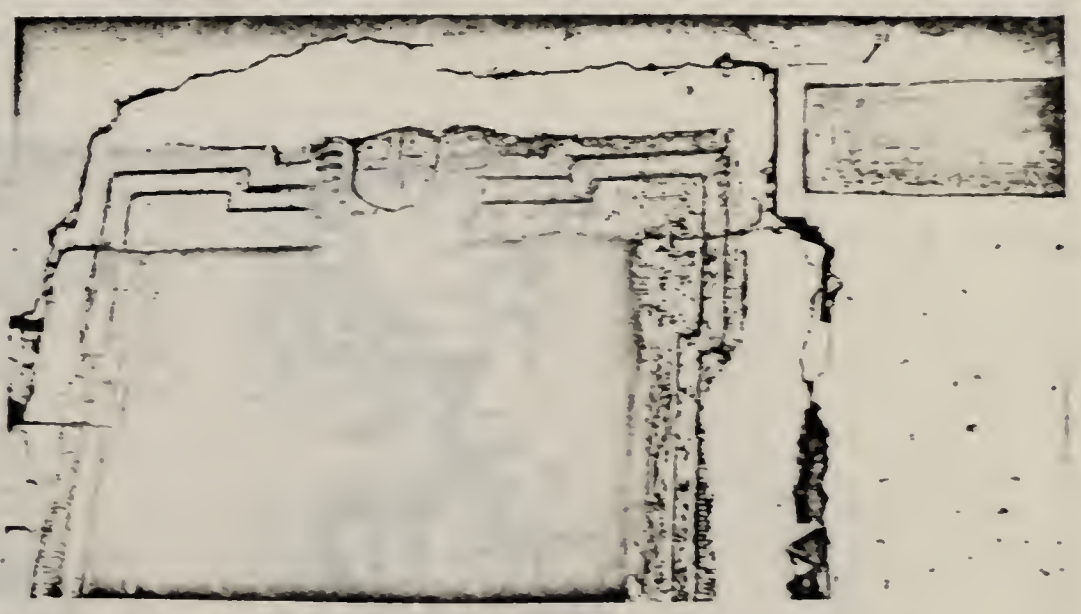


The Zeller Fort-House.



(View from the East)





This is the main Doorway with the date stone, and the Sellin arms over the door.

Date stone:

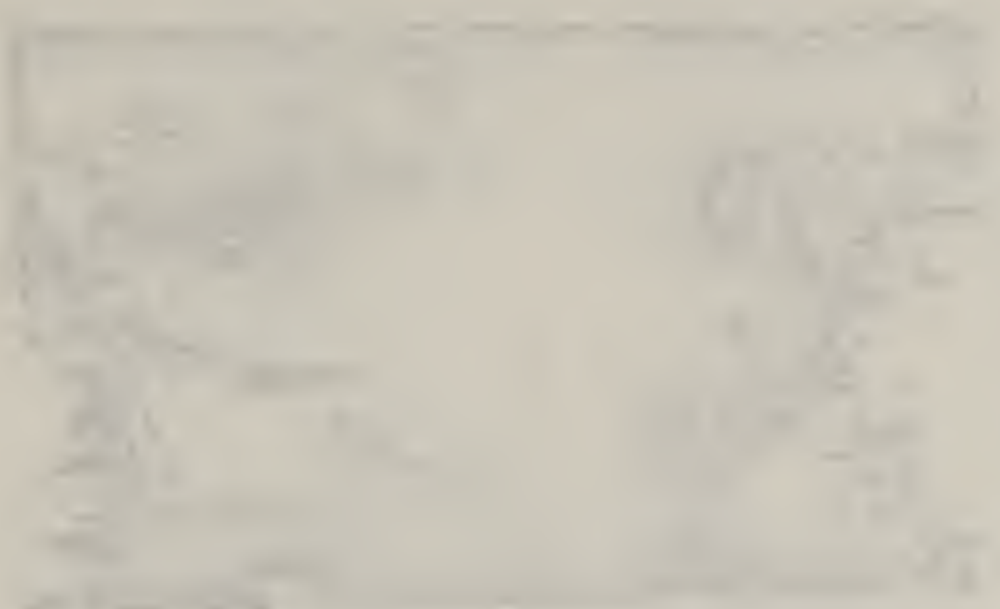
I HENRICH
ZELLER 1745
SWH

At Millbach

Lebanon Co. Pa.

The old German Reformed church. (Organized abut 1740). —

The old Becker house. (Said to have been built by George Becker in 1770. On the gate post is the date "1767" and the initials "G. B." In this house, in 1807 was held the 1st annual conference of the Evangelical Association



- "Indianland" Cemetery -

(Near Cherryville - Northampton Co., Pa)

· General View ·

(Behind St. Paul's - Indianland church).

The Backs of German gravestones

(These flowers are not really tulips, but conventionalized and Symbolic Paschal lilies)

Harrold's Cemetery.

(Southwest of Greensburg, Westmoreland Co., Pa).

Looking east over what was the Lane farm
of Christopher Harrold.

(An interesting stone at Harrold's).

Franklin, West Va.

(Pendleton Co.).

(The old cemetery on hill above the town)

(In the newer town cemetery).

770842 60